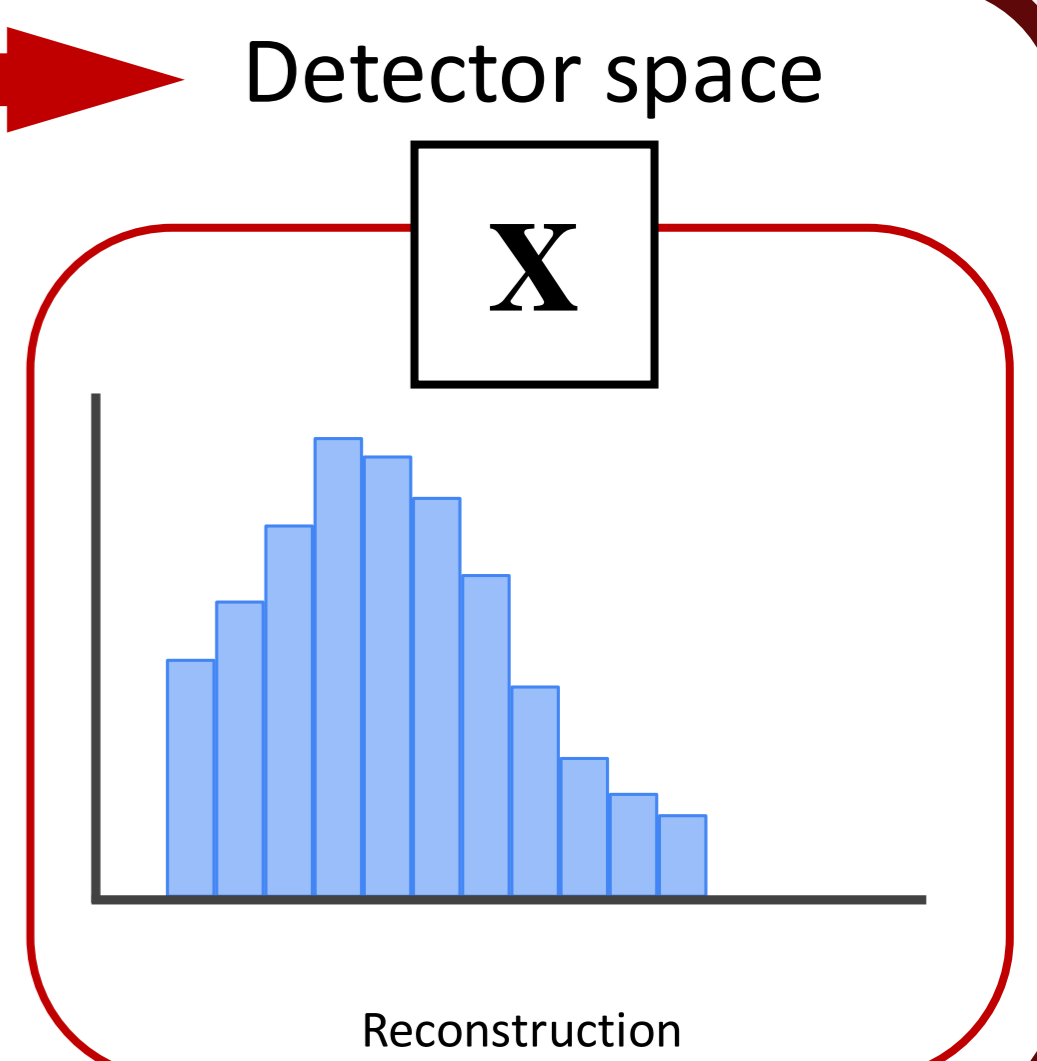
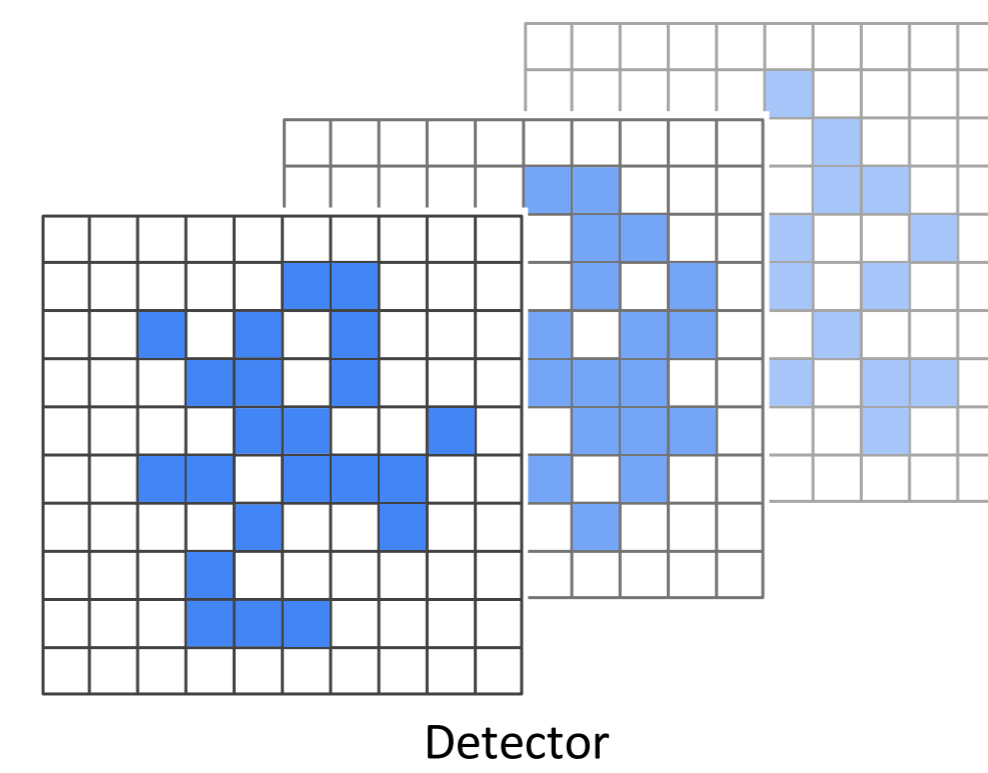
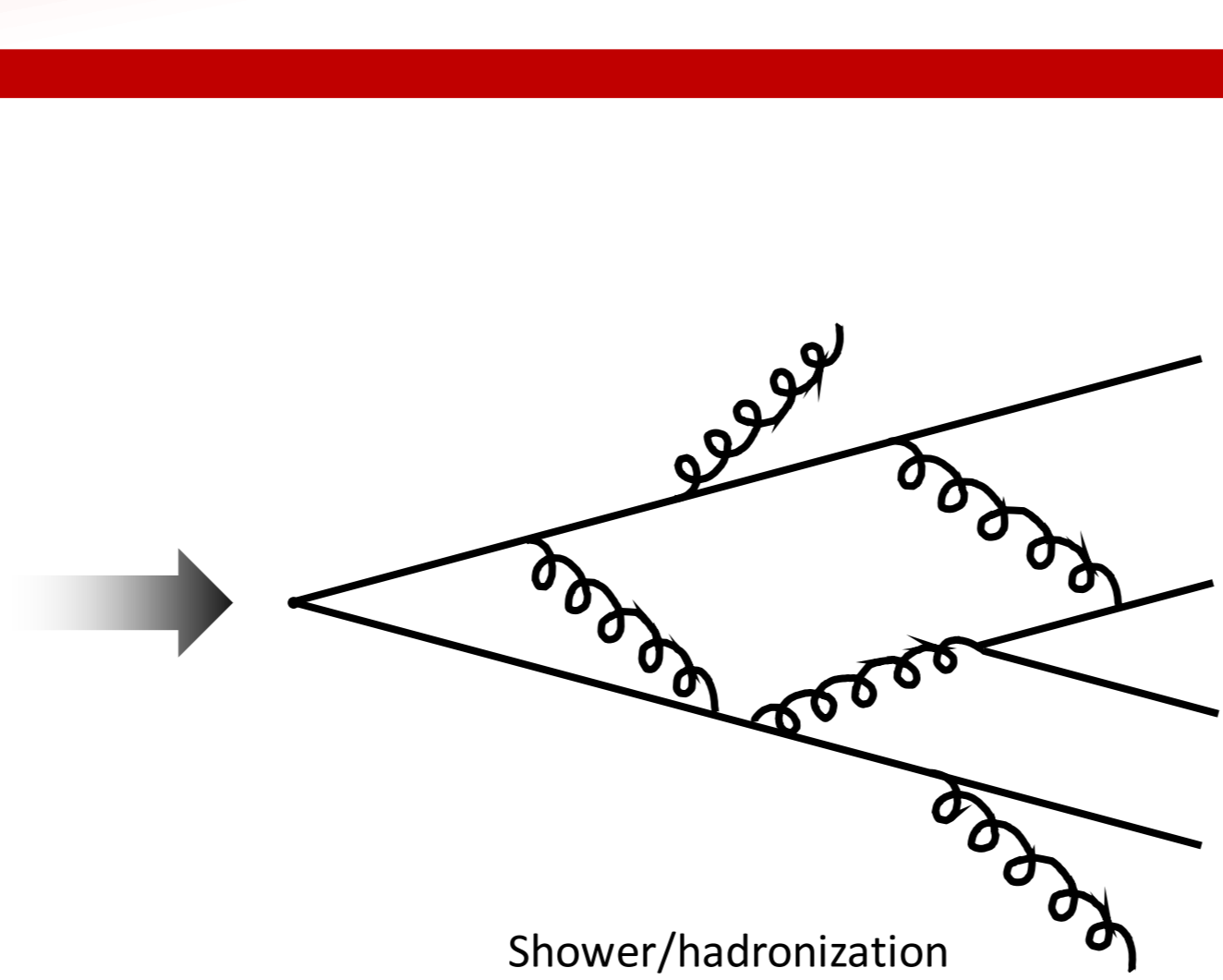
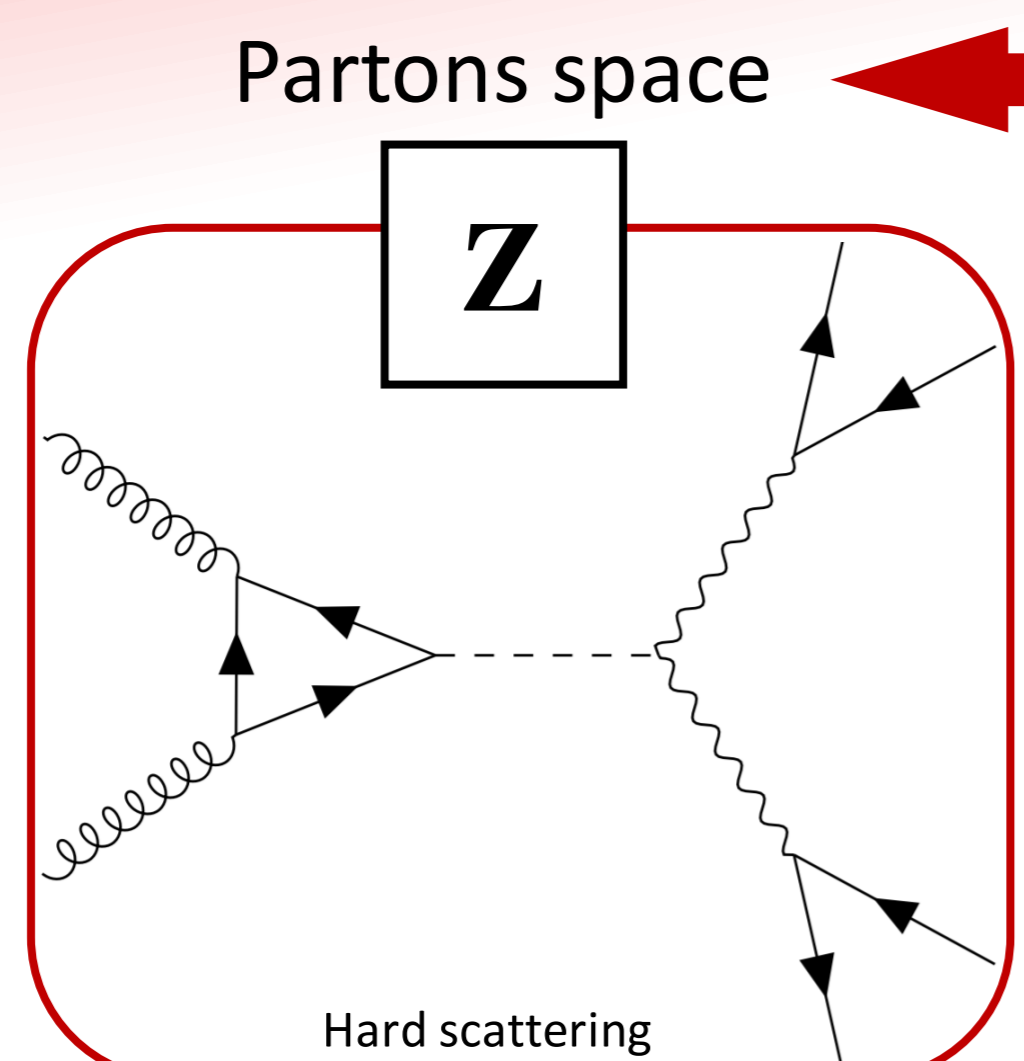
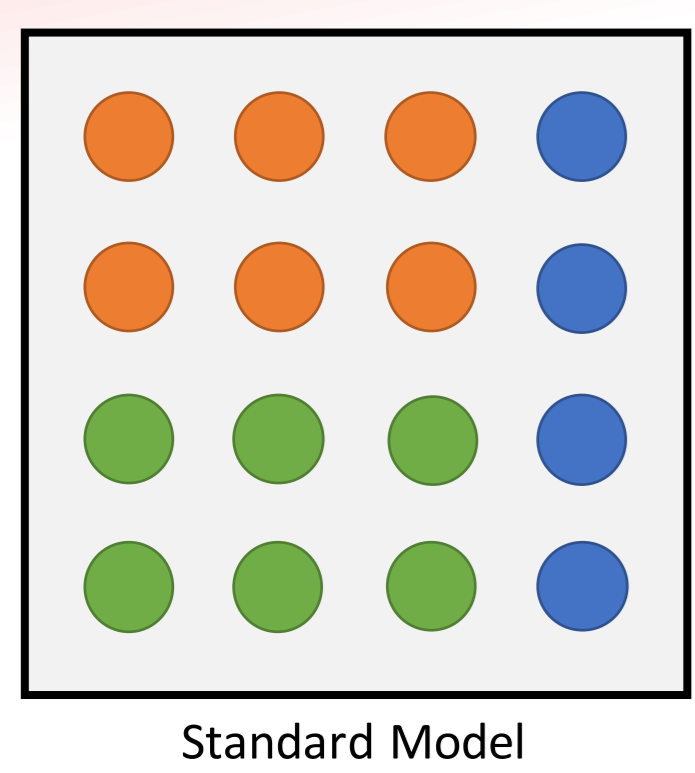


Introduction

GANDALF is a *Generalised Autoencoder Network for Density Aware Learning of Four-momentum*.

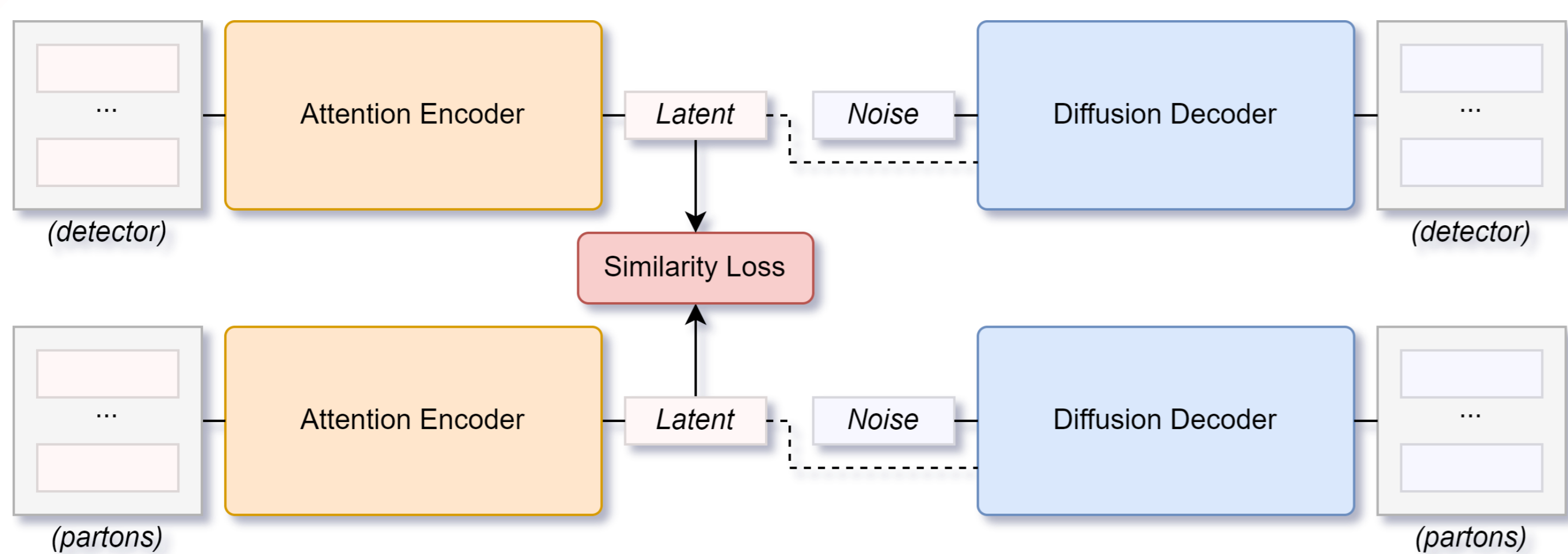
- It aims at **transcoding four-momentum** from a theory space (*partons*) to an observation space (*detector*) and vice versa.
- It uses state-of-the-art deep learning methods such as the **attention mechanism** and **denoising diffusion models**.

Physical spaces

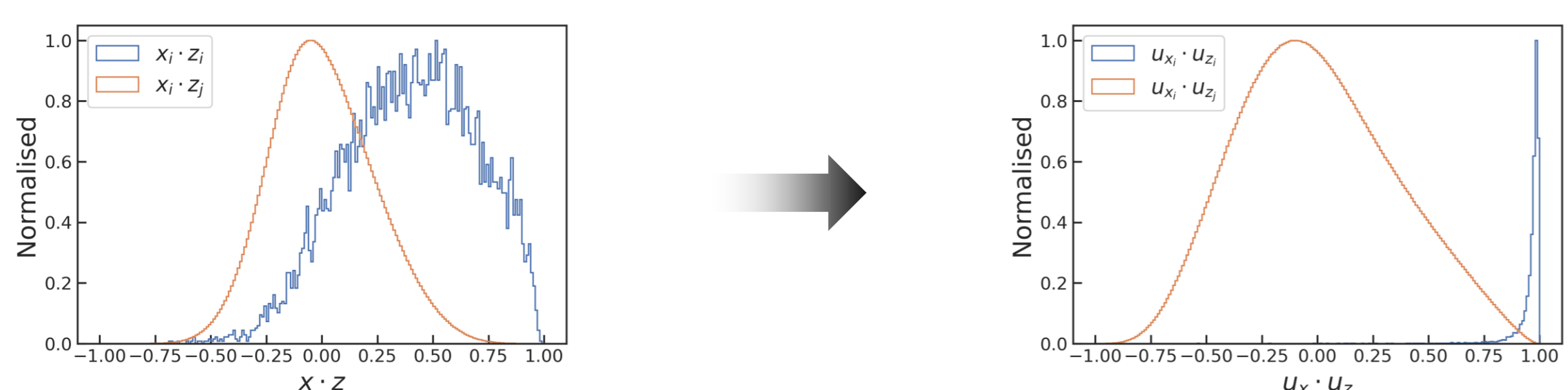


GANDALF

- **Attention encoders**
→ Transform each particle considering every other particles.
- **Common latent representation**
→ Detector and partons data share the same latent encodings.
- **Diffusion decoders**
→ Gradually conditionally transform random noise towards actual data.



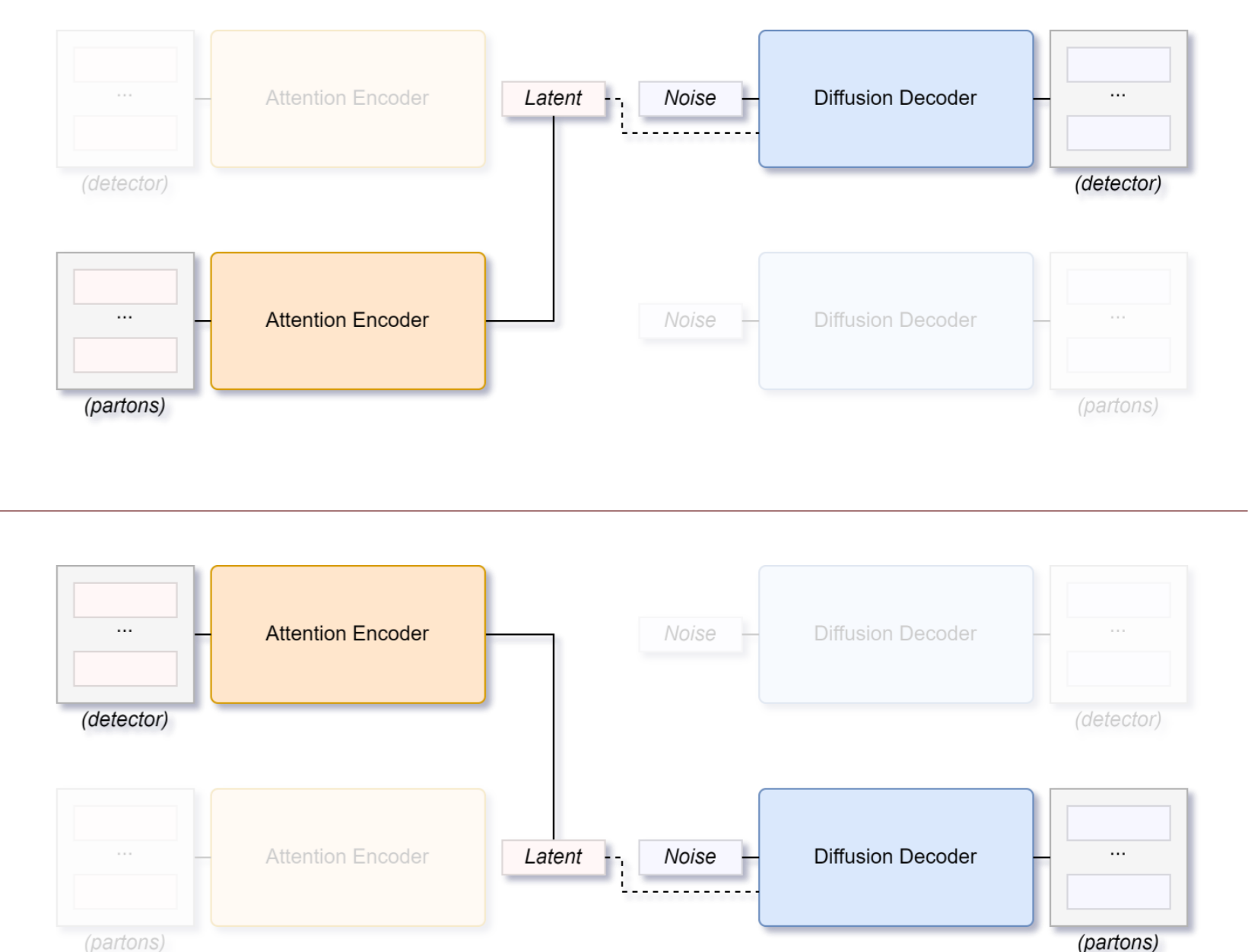
The encoders are able to bring the pairs much closer in the latent space!



In more details

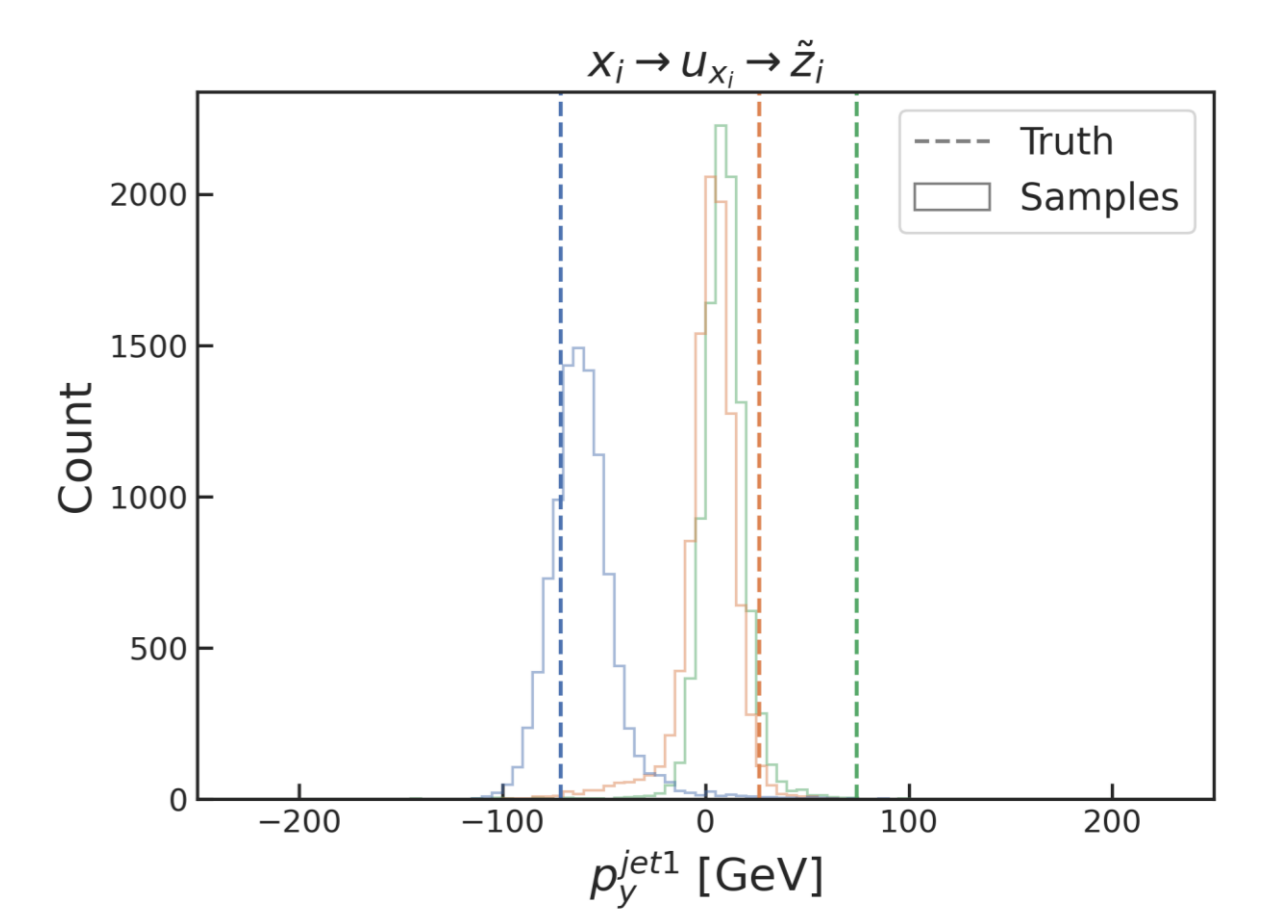
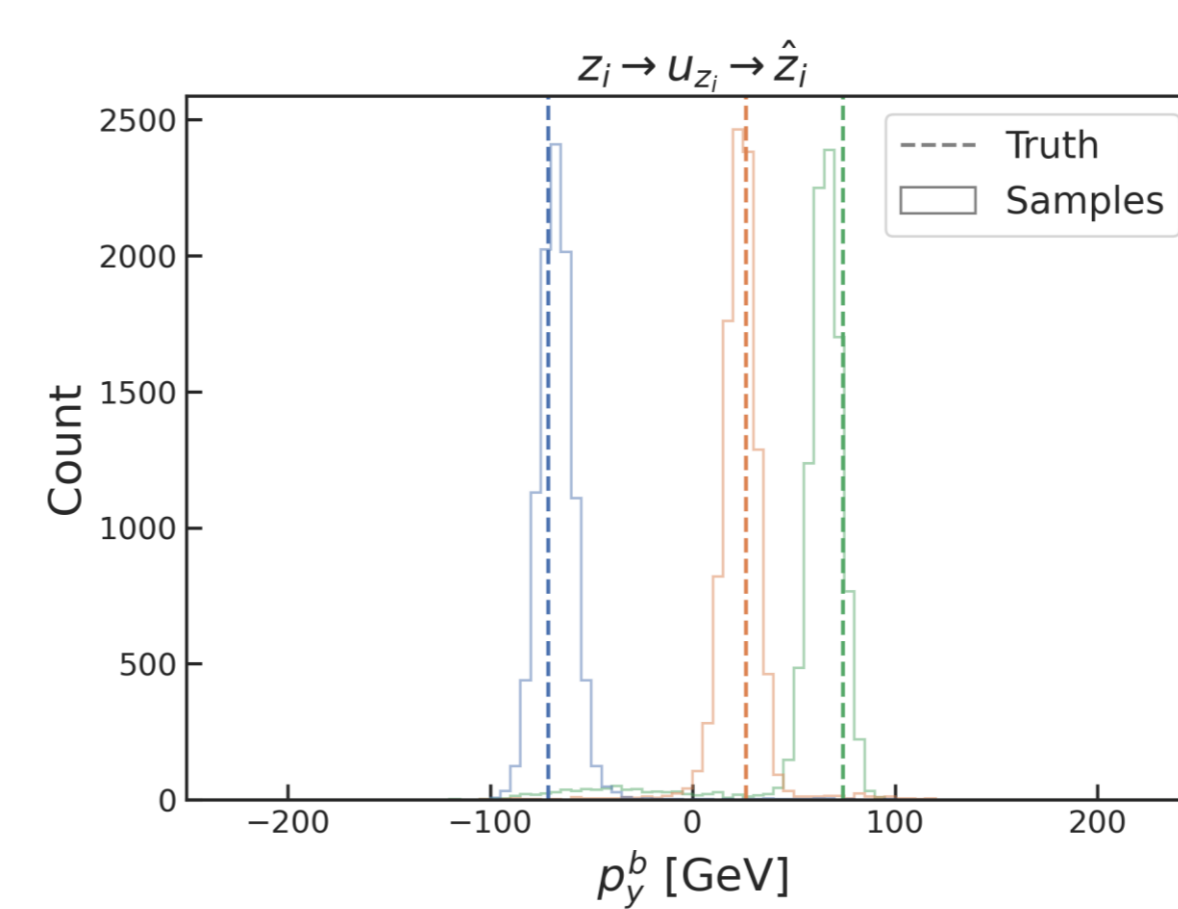
Once trained the network can:

- **Generate** new detector samples from the theory
- **Unfold** the theory from the detector observations



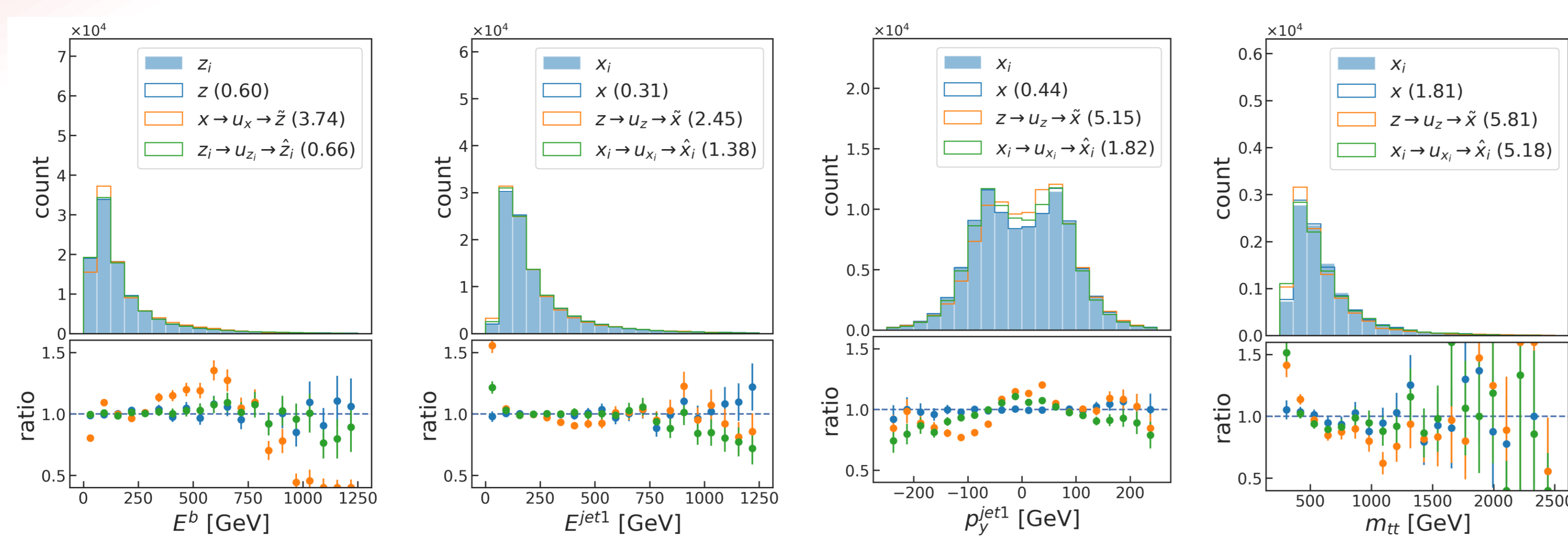
The data is **highly stochastic** just as the conditional diffusion samples.

- Reconstruction (left) is well learnt.
- Transcoding (right) still shows some slight mismodelling.



Distributions

We focus on **double top quarks production** in proton–proton collisions subsequently decaying into b-quarks and W-bosons which in turn decay into a pair of light leptons and a pair of light quarks: $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t} \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e b\bar{b} u\bar{d}$



Both for reconstruction and transcoding, the **distributions of the four-momenta match well** with respect to the Kolmogorov-Smirnov distance to the truth (in parenthesis).

References

- Guillaume Quétant et al. *Turbo-Sim: a generalised generative model with a physical latent space*. 2021. arXiv: 2112.10629
- Slava Voloshynovskiy et al. *Information bottleneck through variational glasses*. 2019. arXiv: 1912.00830
- Jessica N. Howard et al. *Foundations of a Fast, Data-Driven, Machine-Learned Simulator*. 2021. arXiv: 2101.08944