## Patterns of Interpersonal Interaction that Influence Mental Health

A presentation at the *"Family Therapy Today"* Conference in Geneva on 23 June 2017

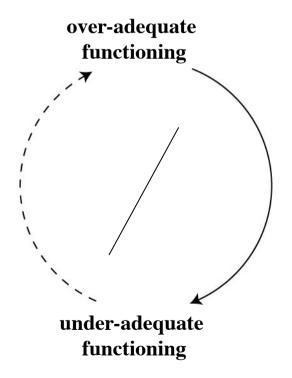
by Karl Tomm MD, University of Calgary

## An Early Formative Experience

When I was in psychiatry residency at the Psychiatric Hospital, a 36 year old woman was admitted with severe depression and high suicide risk. Despite comprehensive psychiatric care, she remained chronically depressed. Her husband worked full time, took care of the kids, and maintained the home. Tragically, he was involved in a terrible car accident: 2 people were killed. He was not injured, but the police charged him with 'manslaughter.' He began to flounder in his activities, becoming less and less able to cope. His wife got a 'pass' to help with the kids and felt better about herself. Her depression progressively improved and she achieved a 'full recovery.' After 18 months, the court found the husband 'not guilty' of all charges. He was relieved and quickly resumed his previous high level of activity. Her contributions were displaced and she began slipping back into depression. Before she could be re-hospitalized, she killed herself: we were shocked!

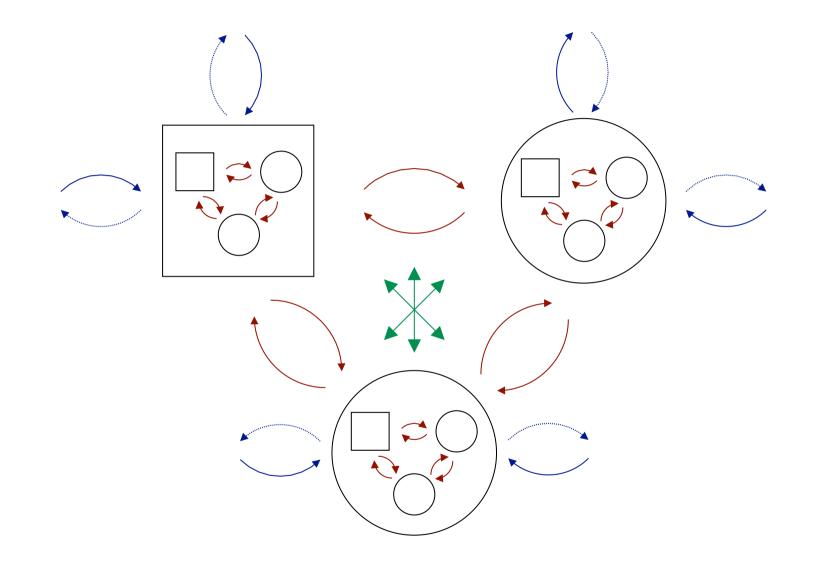
We speculated about a possible systemic explanation:

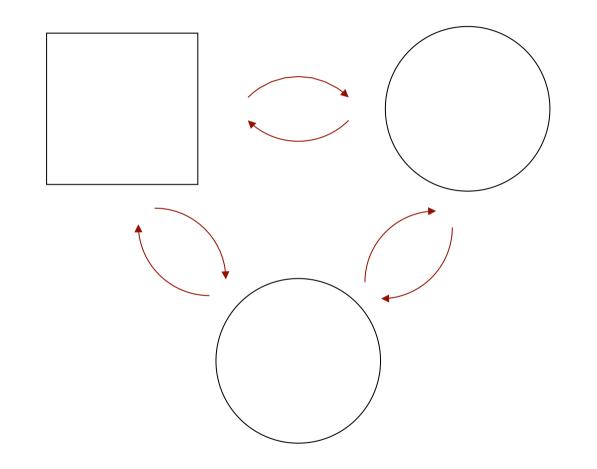
Could it be that she was caught in a couple interaction pattern of over-adequate/under-adequate reciprocity?

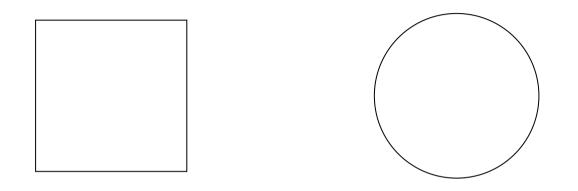


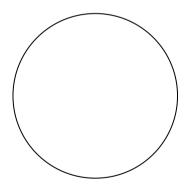
## Some core concepts from Systems Theory

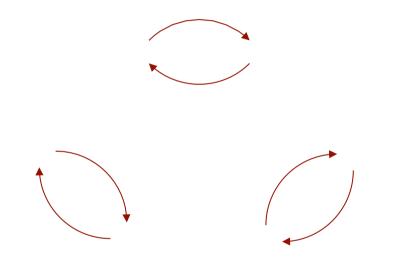
- "Systems are composites, i.e. they are always made up of component parts"
- "A change in any one part triggers change in every other part"
- "The whole is greater than the sum of the parts"
- "Systems may be analyzed in different domains and at different levels"
- "Living systems are characterized by homeostasis and autonomy"
- "Human relationship systems are characterized by recurrent, reciprocal, or 'circular' interactions"



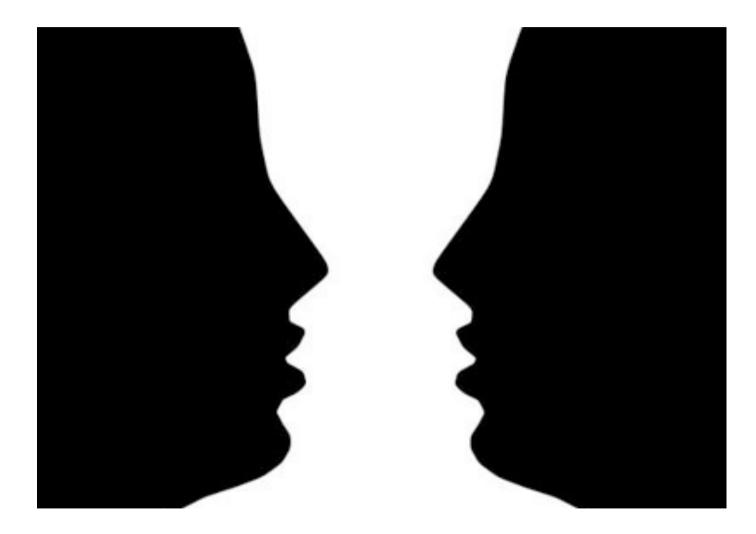




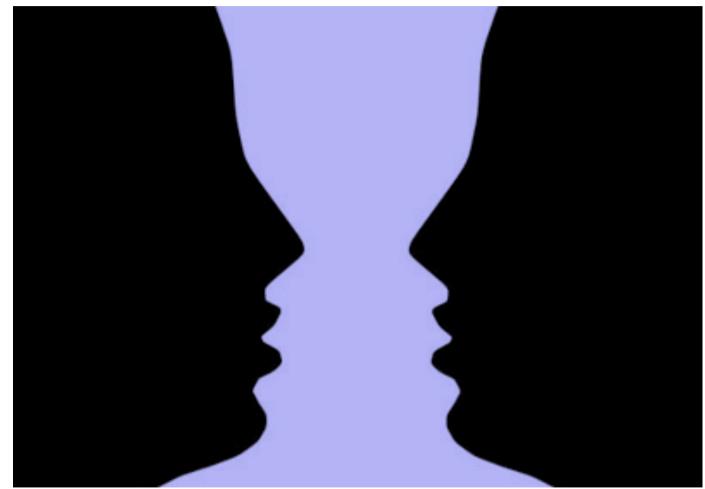




## A figure/ground gestalt shift



# What is the shape of the purple vase in between?



## Introducing the 'IPscope'

The 'IPscope' is a cognitive instrument, for distinguishing and describing specific Interpersonal Patterns of interaction for systemic assessment, which entails both perceptual and conceptual operations.

By definition, Interpersonal Patterns, or 'IPs' reflect repetitive or recurrent interactions between two or more persons, distinguished by an observer (often a systemic therapist), which highlight the **coupling** between two classes of behaviors, attitudes, feelings, ideas, or beliefs, that tend to be **mutually enabling** and **mutually reinforcing**.

The suffix '**scope**' in the IPscope is intended to draw an analogy with other human-made instruments which 'help observers see' that which is ordinarily hard for the naked eye to see (cf. a microscope or telescope).

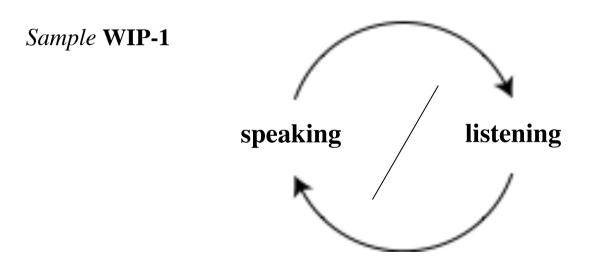
#### Components of the 'IPscope'

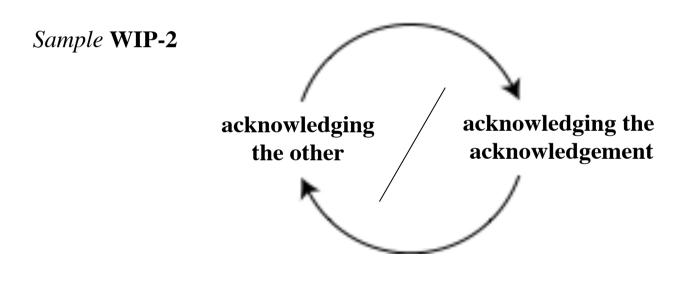
The IPscope entails a typology of at least 6 kinds of IPs:

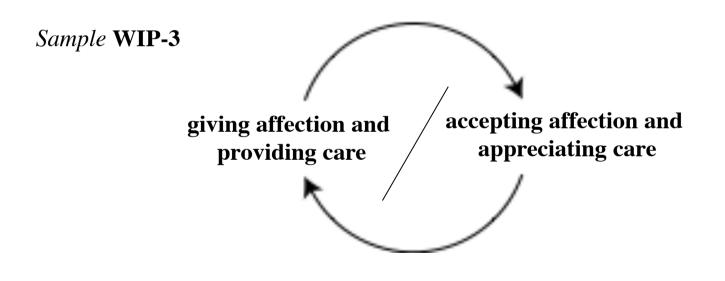
WIPs = Wellness Interpersonal PatternsPIPs = Pathologizing Interpersonal PatternsHIPs = Healing Interpersonal Patterns

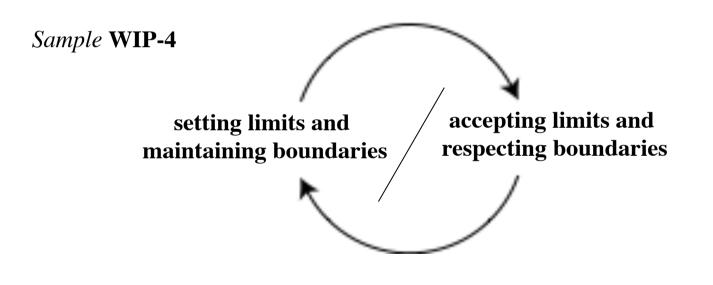
*TIPs* = *Transforming Interpersonal Patterns DIPs* = *Deteriorating Interpersonal Patterns* 

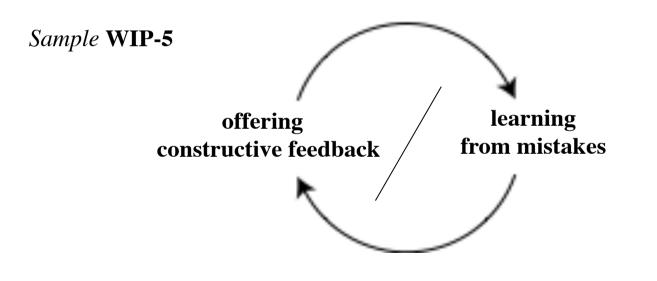
**SCIP**s = Socio-Cultural Interpersonal Patterns

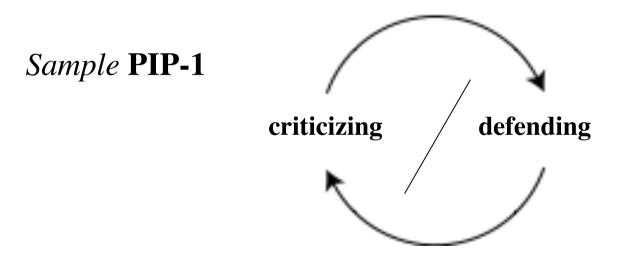


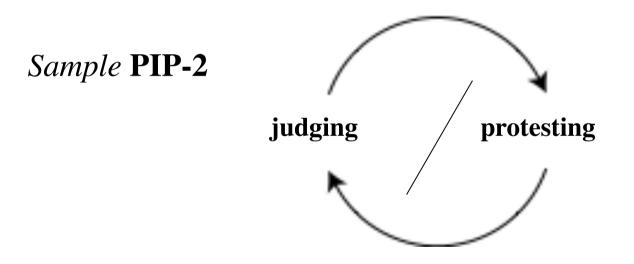


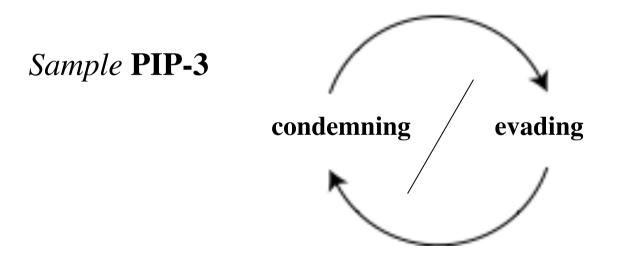


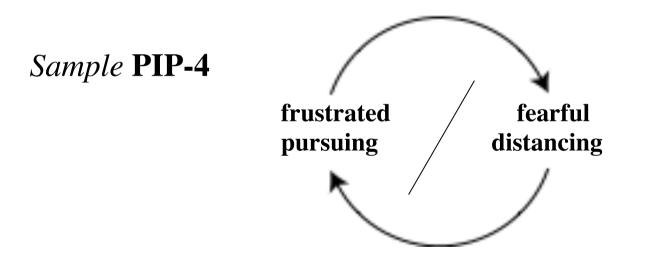






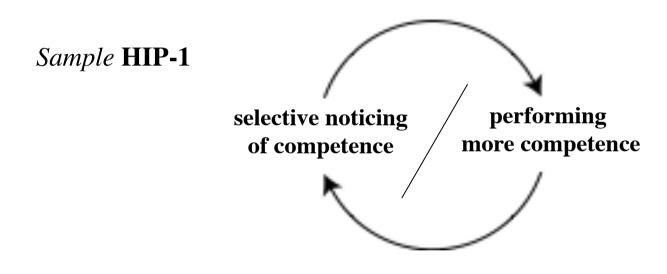




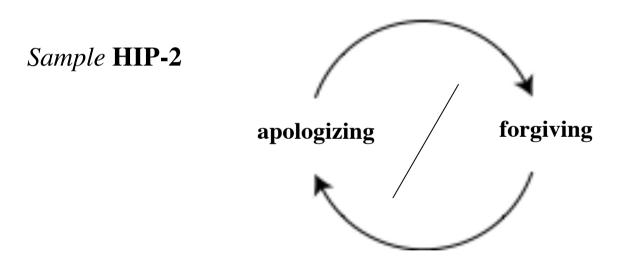


A '**HIP**' or *Healing Interpersonal Pattern* is a sub-category of a WIP that constitutes a specific antidote to a particular PIP by bringing forth positive behaviors and/or experiences in one or both of the interactants that specifically *preclude or contradict* some component of the PIP.

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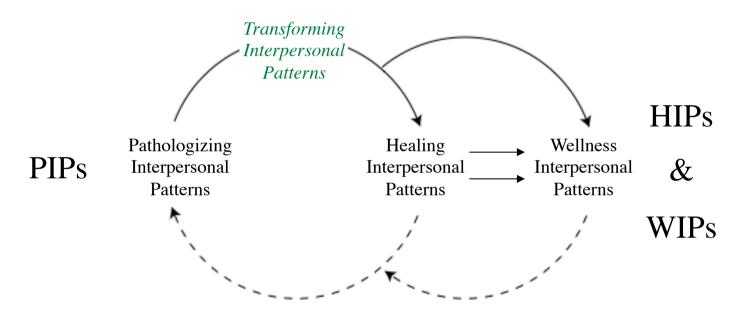


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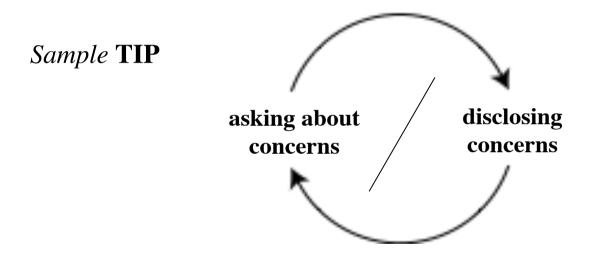


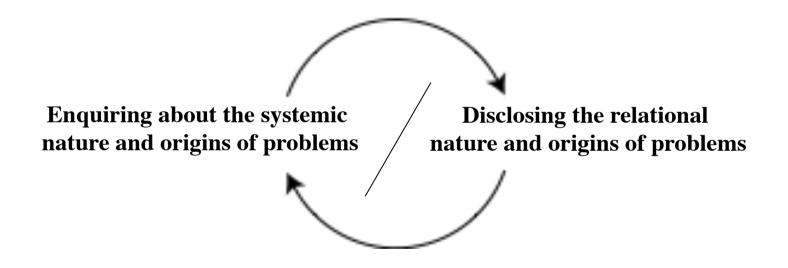
Movement among the IPs within an overall interpersonal relationship system

TIPs

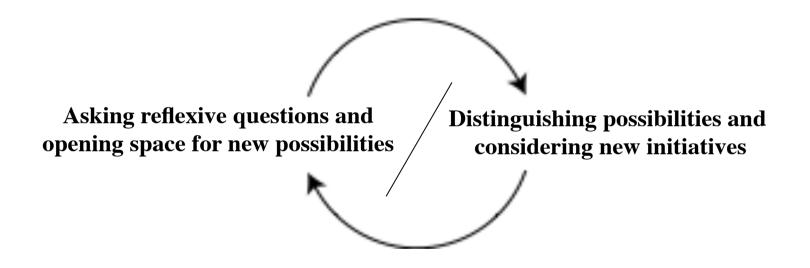


Clinical families tend to get stuck in PIPs; Healthy families spend more time living in WIPs

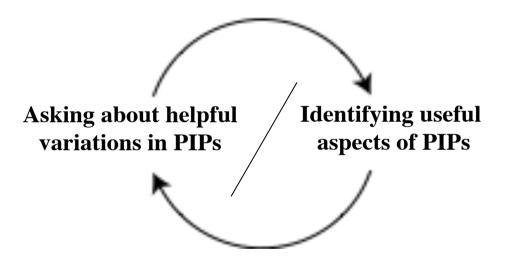




Example of a deconstructive TIP



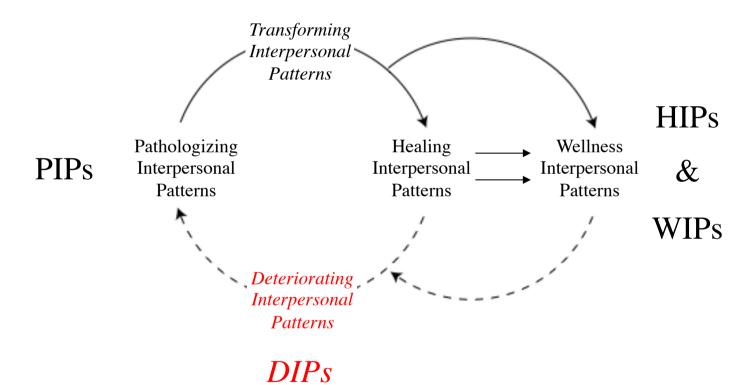
Example of a co-constructive TIP



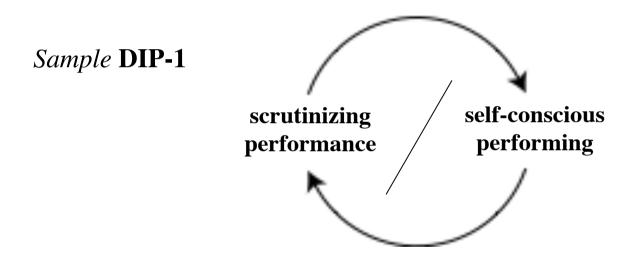
Example of a utilization TIP

Movement among the IPs within an overall interpersonal relationship system

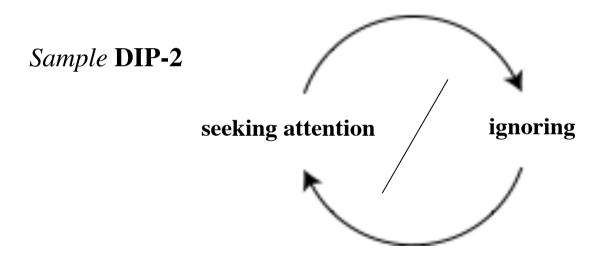
TIPs



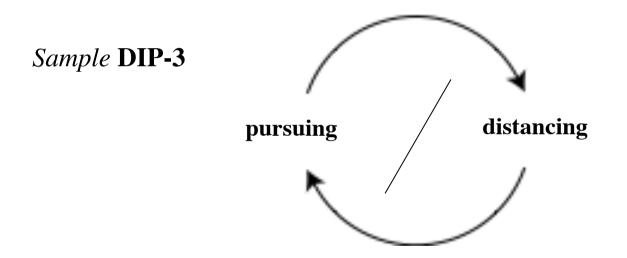
A '**DIP**' or *Deteriorating Interpersonal Pattern* is a subcategory of a PIP, that creates conditions for a probable slip from a TIP, HIP, or WIP, towards a PIP. A '**DIP**' or *Deteriorating Interpersonal Pattern* is a subcategory of a PIP, that creates conditions for a probable slip from a TIP, HIP, or WIP, towards a PIP.



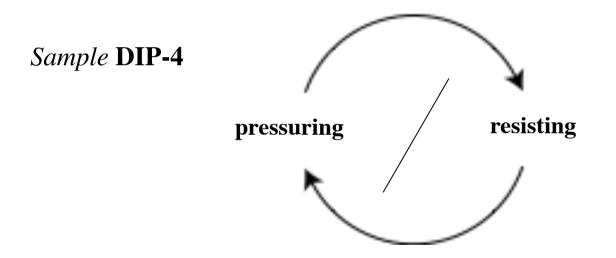
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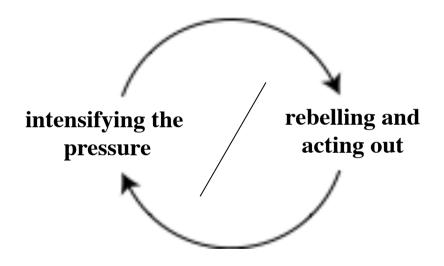
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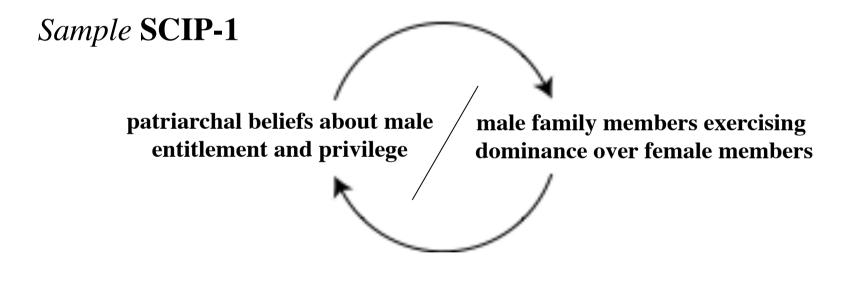


Depending on the intensity of a Deteriorating Pattern (**DIP**), it can easily slip into, and become, a Pathologizing Pattern (**PIP**)



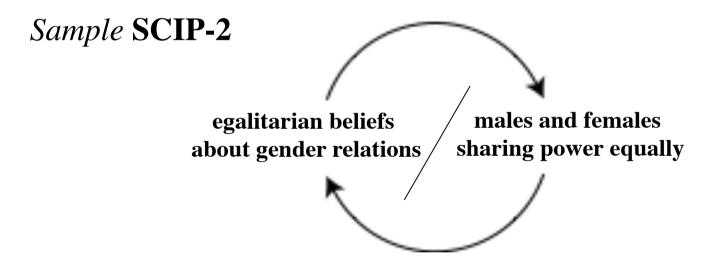
A 'SCIP' or *Socio-Cultural Interpersonal Pattern* describes how social discourses, values, and/or beliefs in our culture are taken up and enacted by family members; who through their enactment of the pattern reinforce and/or re-inscribe the discourse or pattern in our community or culture.

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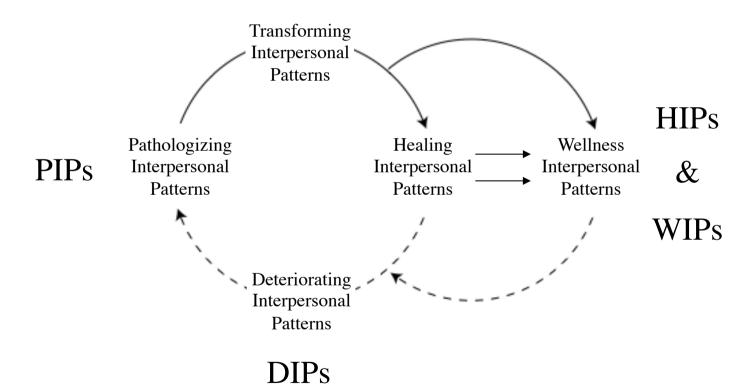
An egalitarian 'SCIP' could serve as a HIPish antidote to the patriarchal SCIP of male dominance, or it could create conditions for confusion and conflict about roles and responsibilities. Thus, it could have either positive or negative effects, depending on how it is enacted and experienced.

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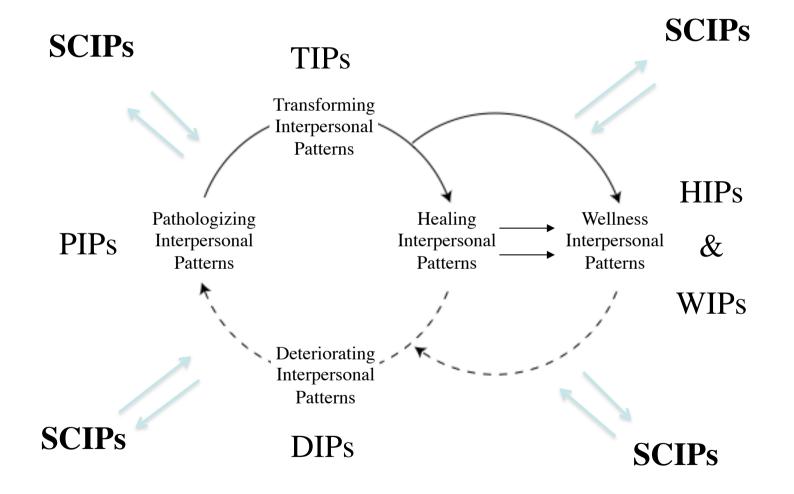


Where does one locate SCIPs within the overall interpersonal relationship system?

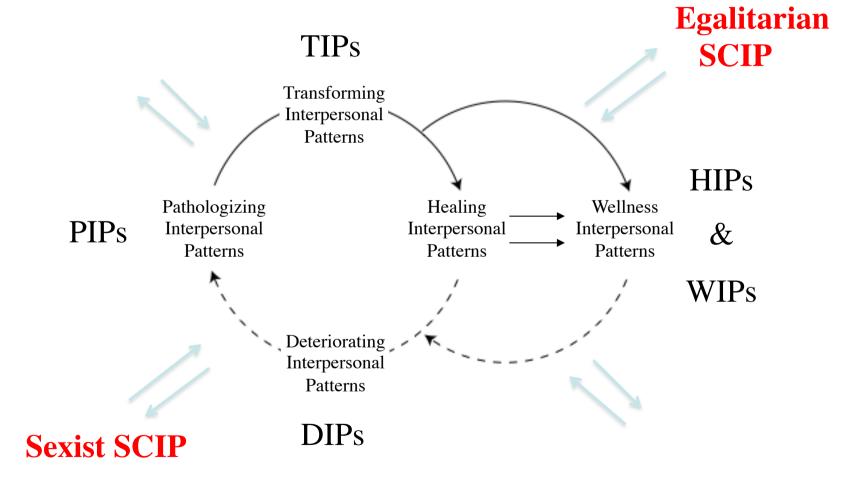
TIPs



Where does one locate SCIPs within the overall interpersonal relationship system? All over!



Where would one locate the specific sexist and egalitarian SCIPs within the overall interpersonal relationship system?



# Important features of the 'IPscope'

**IP**s describe transient relational stabilities. These interaction patterns are always changing and are never permanent. However, when they are active, they profoundly influence our moment-to-moment experience.

IPs do not have a physical existence. They exist in the imagination of systemic observers. They are cognitive constructions that may be regarded as **'serviceable fictions'** in that they serve to guide the initiatives of systemic therapists but are not necessarily 'objective' or 'real.' Their existence depends of the distinctions drawn by a systemic observer.

To limit the possibility of excessive exuberance in an observer's imagination (to construct just anything), IPs are usually described in behavioral terms using **gerunds** (i.e. action-words ending in '-ing' such as criticiz**ing** or withdraw**ing**) which help ground the patterns in observable transactions.

## Important features of the '<u>IP</u>scope' (cont'd)

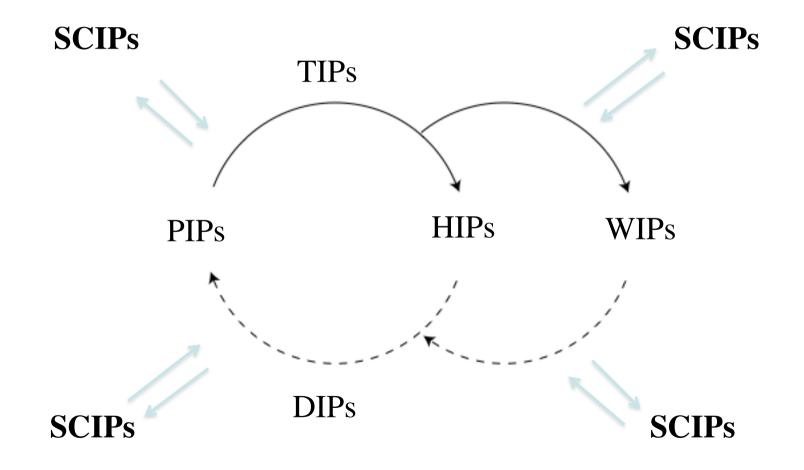
An important conceptual skill that helps therapists distinguish IPs is to learn to **'collapse time'** in order to render the **circularity** of a pattern more visible.

A second conceptual skill that helps construct IPs is to selectively identify the **complementary coupling** between specific behaviors of different persons and to locate this coupling in the interpersonal space between those persons.

Recognizing the habitual nature of IPs is extremely important. People internalize sequences in the interaction and store them in memory, which serve to stabilize the pattern and render it increasingly 'familiar.'

The familiarity of any pattern predisposes the persons involved to re-enact the pattern, regardless whether the pattern is conscious or not; desirable or not.

Drawing a full IPscopic Reflectogram provides a map to guide the overall process of systemic therapy

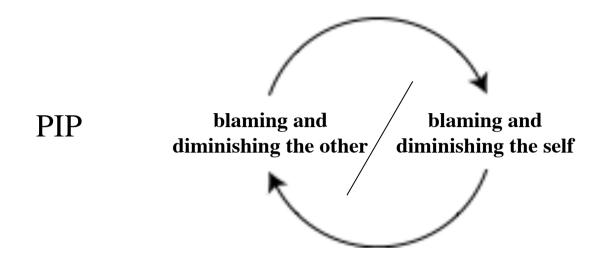


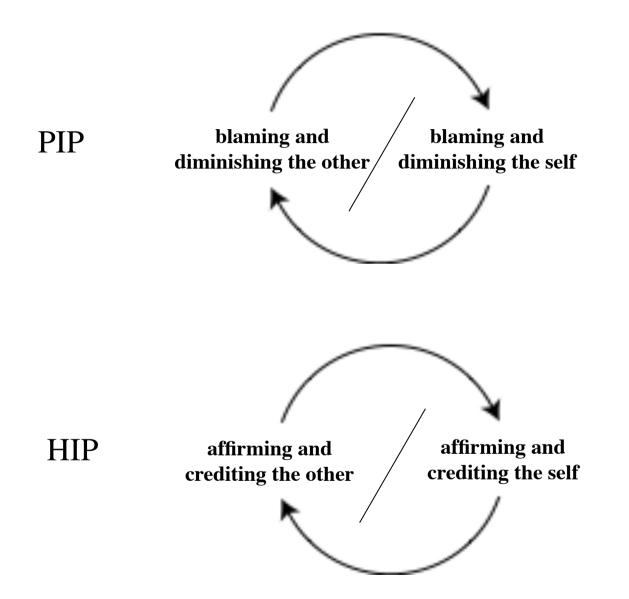
# Deconstructing DSM diagnoses into PIPs

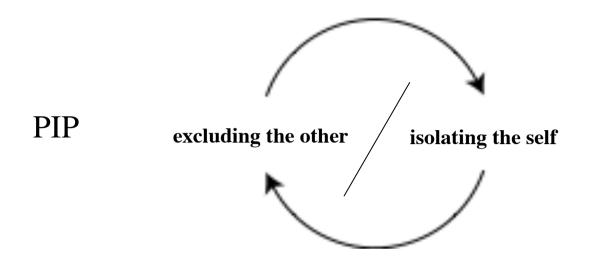
- Human mental phenomena, including the coordination of activity, meanings, and consciousness, may be seen to arise through processes of social interaction.
- Both Gregory Bateson and Humberto Maturana made the claim that "the Mind is first and foremost social, and secondarily psychological"
- For instance, language is not in us; language is among us and we are immersed in it.
- If this view is valid, then it should be possible (theoretically at least) to deconstruct many individual mental phenomena into specific patterns of social interaction.
- My colleagues and I have tried to identify specific patterns of interaction that generate or aggravate particular mental disorders.
- While the following patterns are specific, they reflect generalizations: the actual patterns in any clinical situation are always unique.

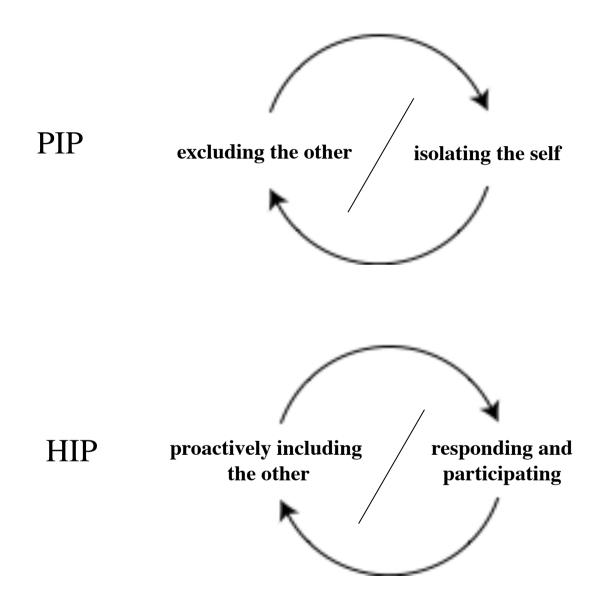
#### What are some common PIPs associated with

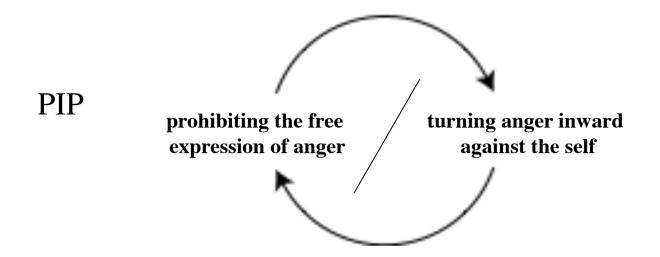
'depression'?

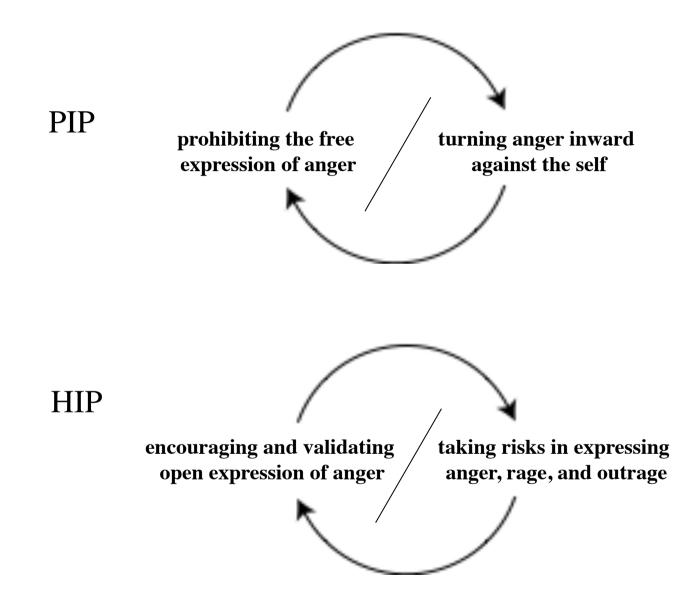


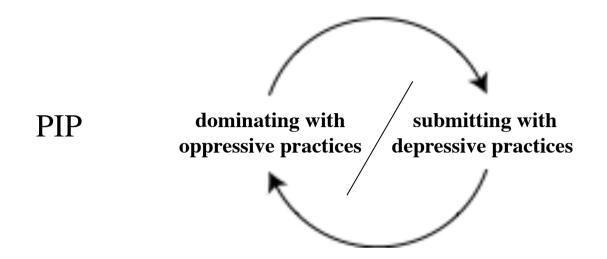


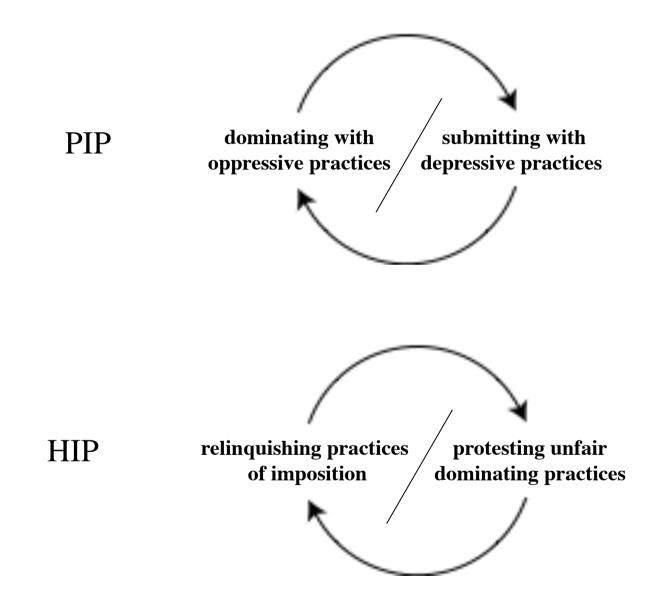






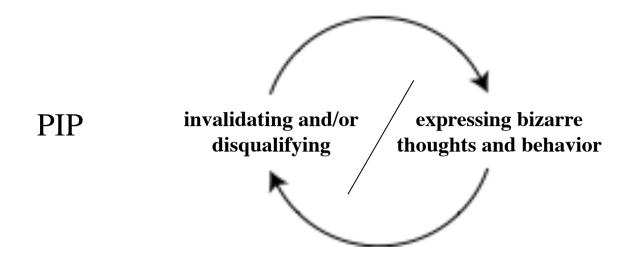


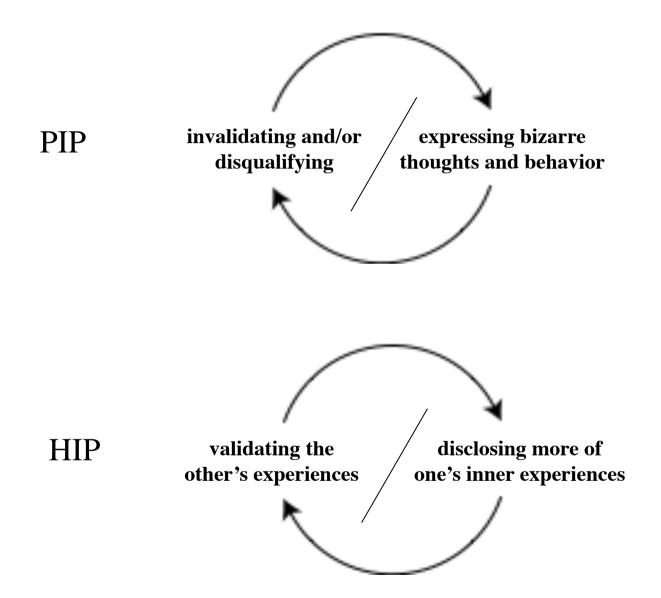


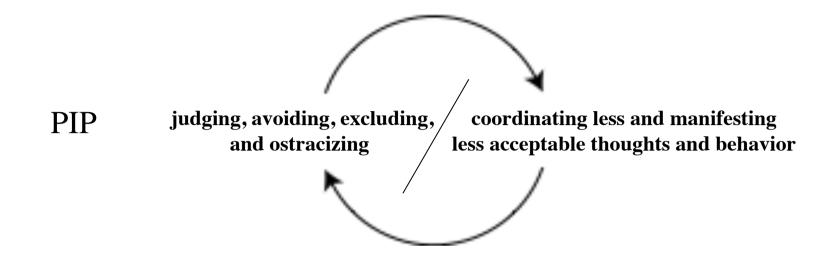


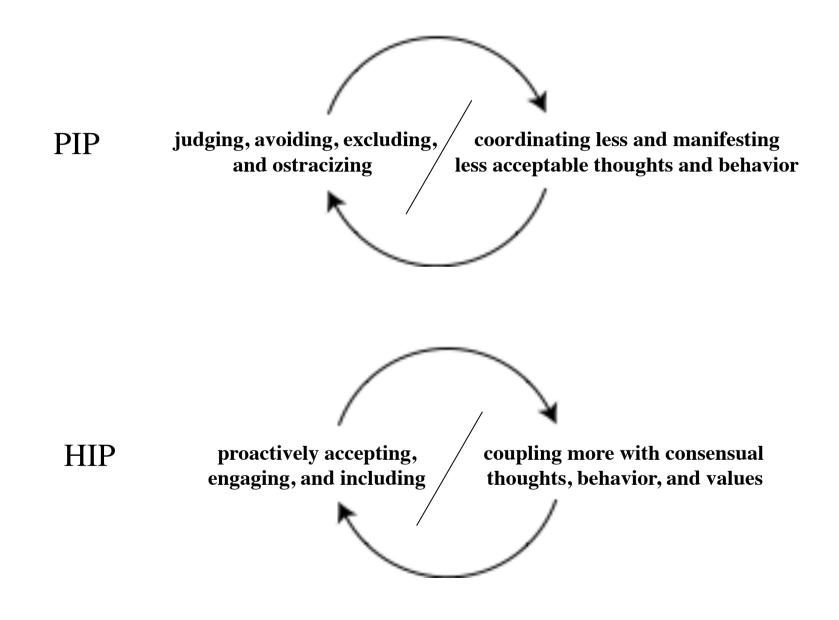
What are some common PIPs associated with

'psychosis'?





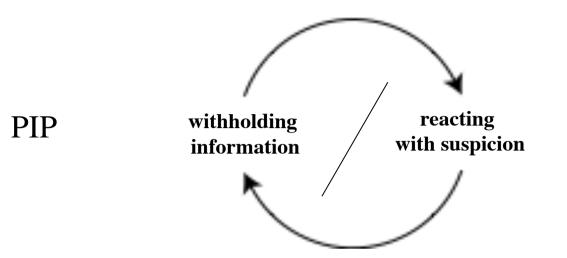


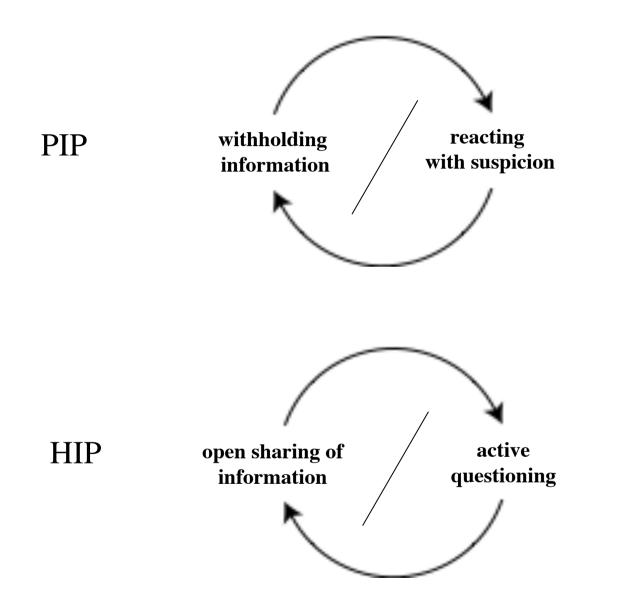


### What is a common PIP often found with

'paranoia'

and its healing antidote?

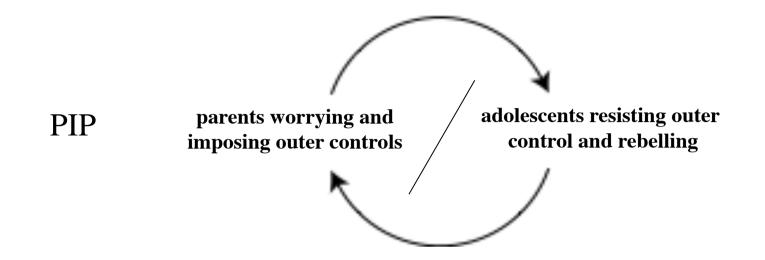


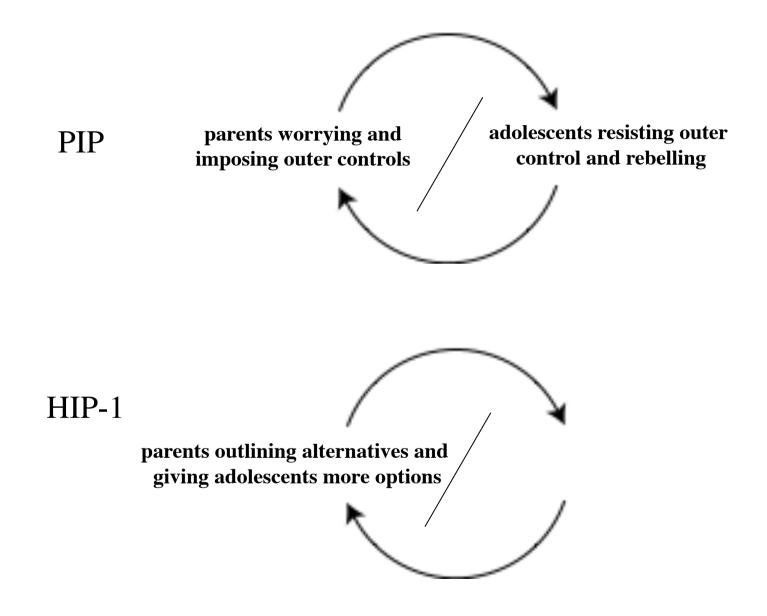


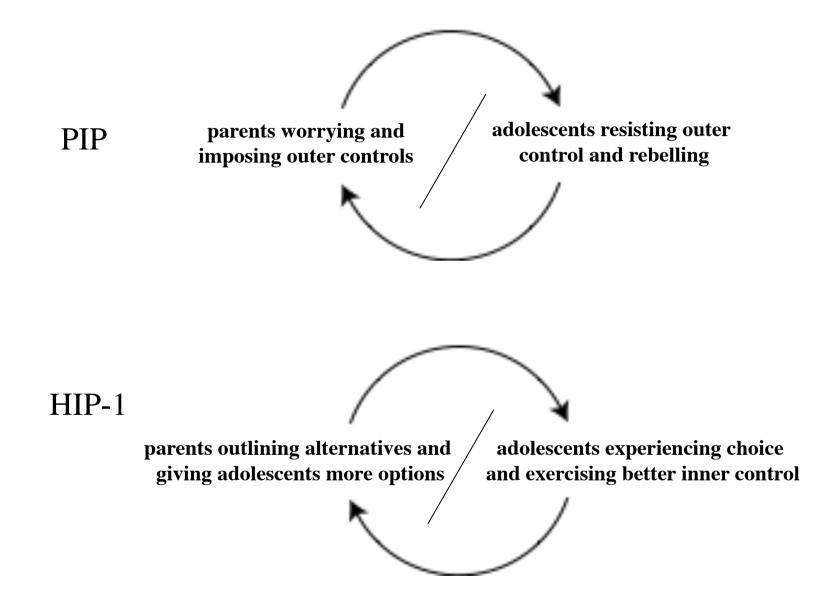
What is a typical PIP associated with

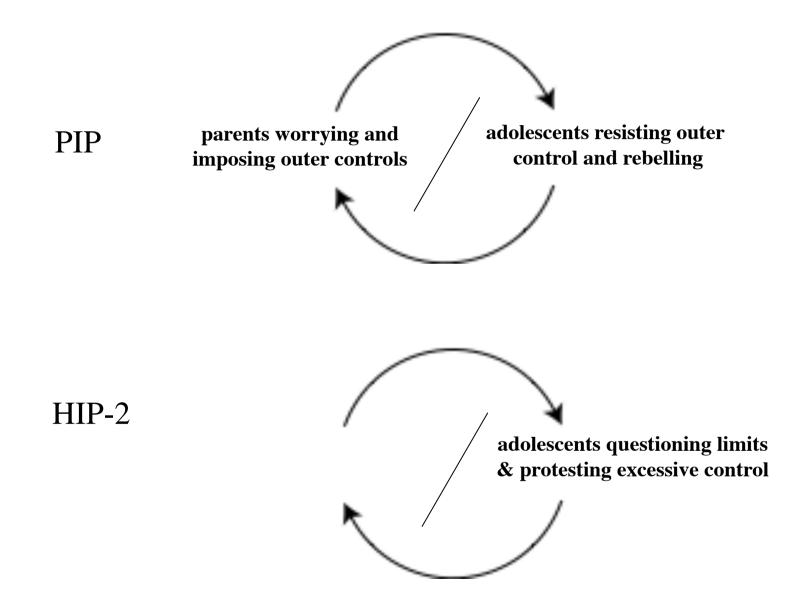
'adolescent rebellion'

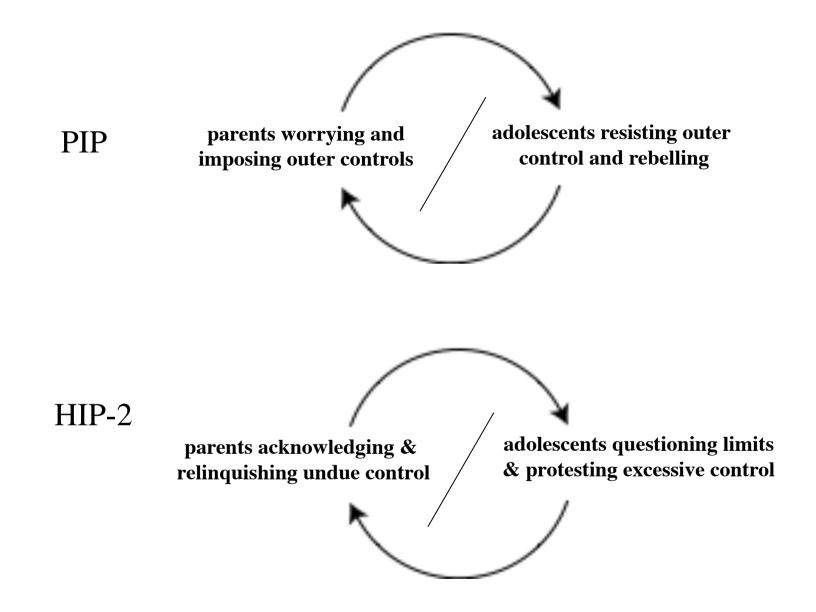
and some healing alternatives?







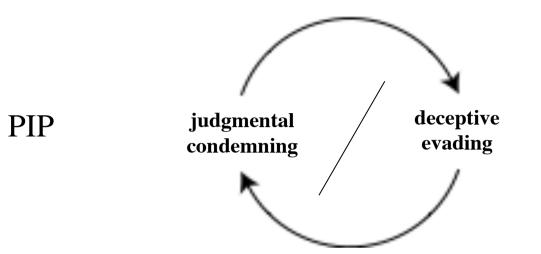


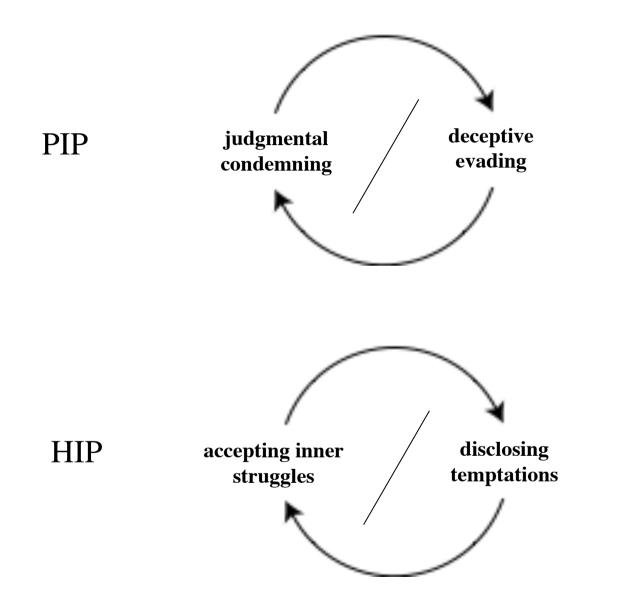


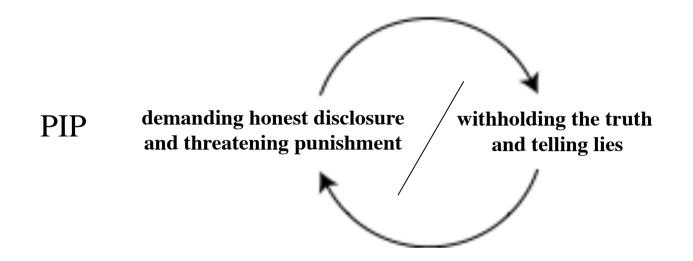
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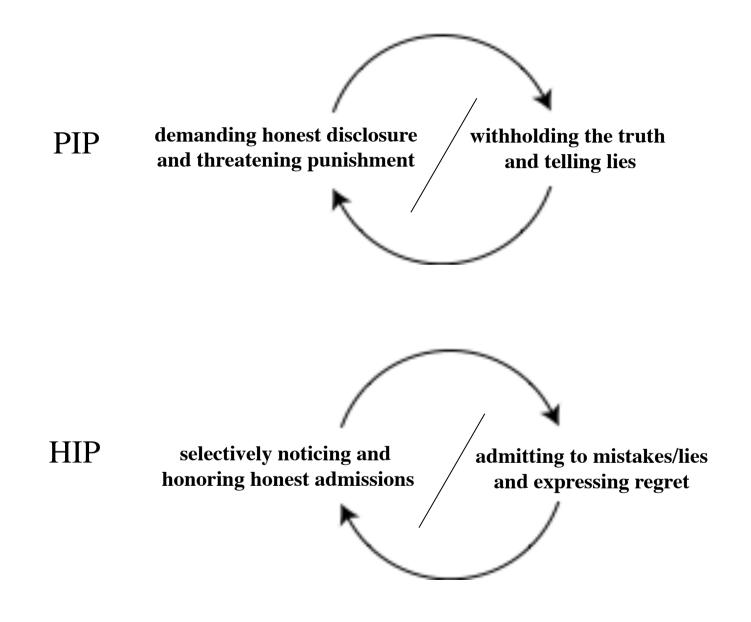
'lying and stealing'

along with their healing antidotes?





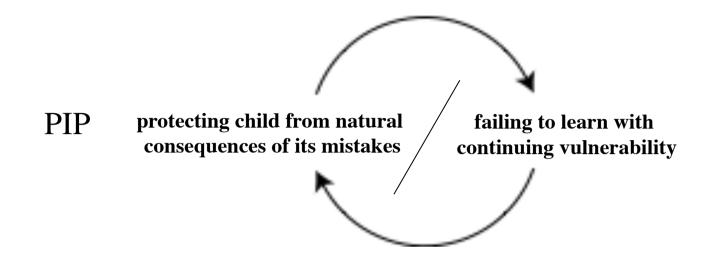


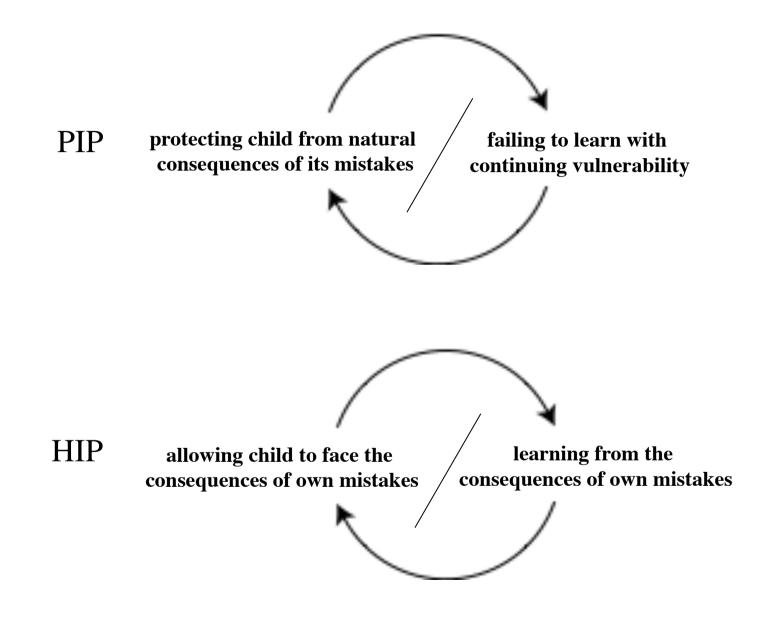


What is a common PIP associated with

childhood 'irresponsibility'

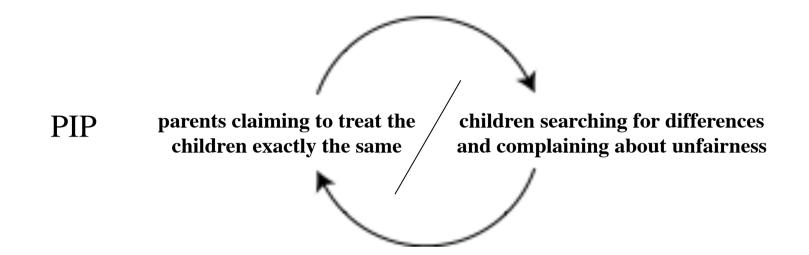
along with its healing antidote?

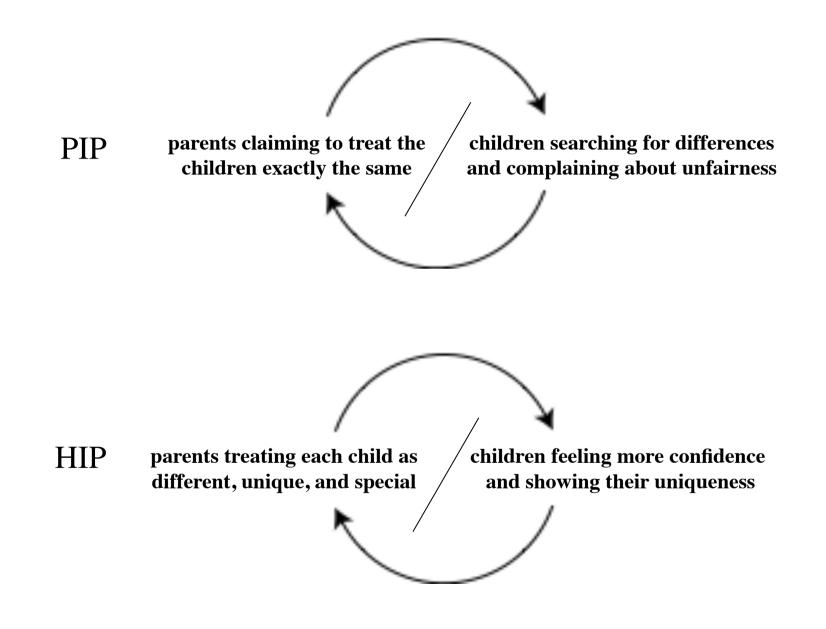




Do parents inadvertently teach their children sibling rivalry?

If so, what might the pathologizing interaction pattern (PIP) look like?



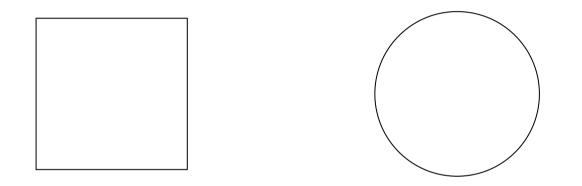


## Steps to construct a PIP

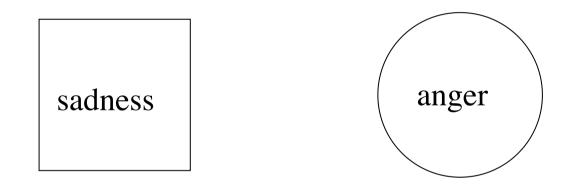
- Intuit the strongest negative emotions that seem to be active in the main participants of the interaction
- Look for and distinguish observable behaviors that reflect these negative emotions
- Sort out the specific behaviors of each interactant that appear to trigger a high level of reactivity from the other participant
- Select a generic or core behavior from each participant that appears to reinforce the negative behavior of the other
- Bring forth and highlight the coupling of these selected behaviors to produce a recurrent and circular pattern of interaction (using 'gerund' descriptors whenever possible)
- Visualize the pattern in the interpersonal space and/or draw the pattern to give it sufficient 'reality' to work with.



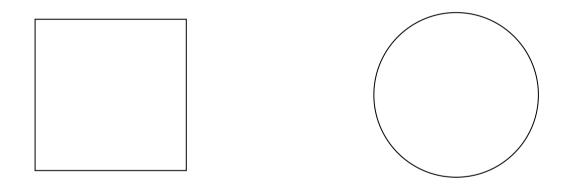
Intuit the dominant negative emotion in each participant



Intuit the dominant negative emotion in each participant

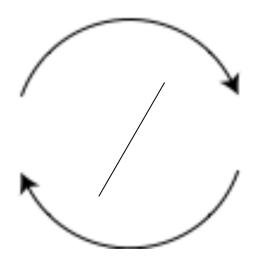


Identify observable behaviors that reflect those negative emotions

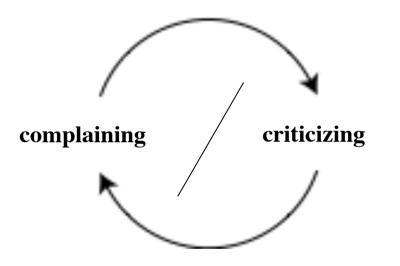


#### Identify observable behaviors that reflect those negative emotions

frowning face, hunched over, complaining speech scowling face, crossed arms, criticizing speech Select out and highlight the **coupling** of behaviors that produce a mutually reinforcing circular pattern

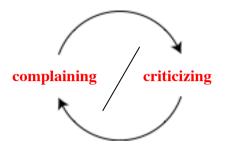


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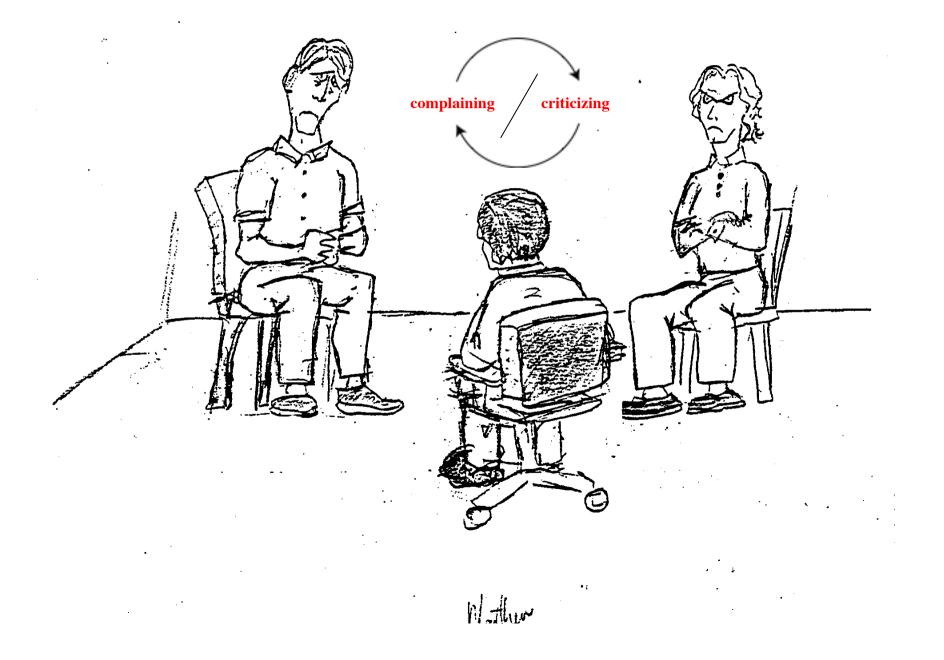


Visualize the pattern operating in the interpersonal space

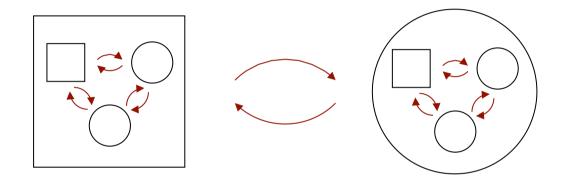
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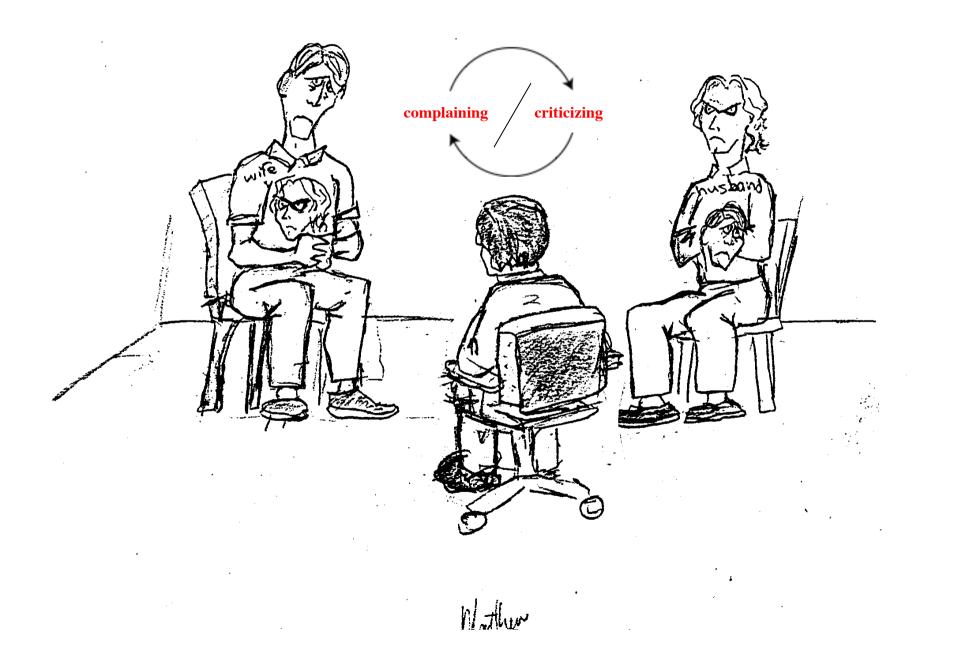


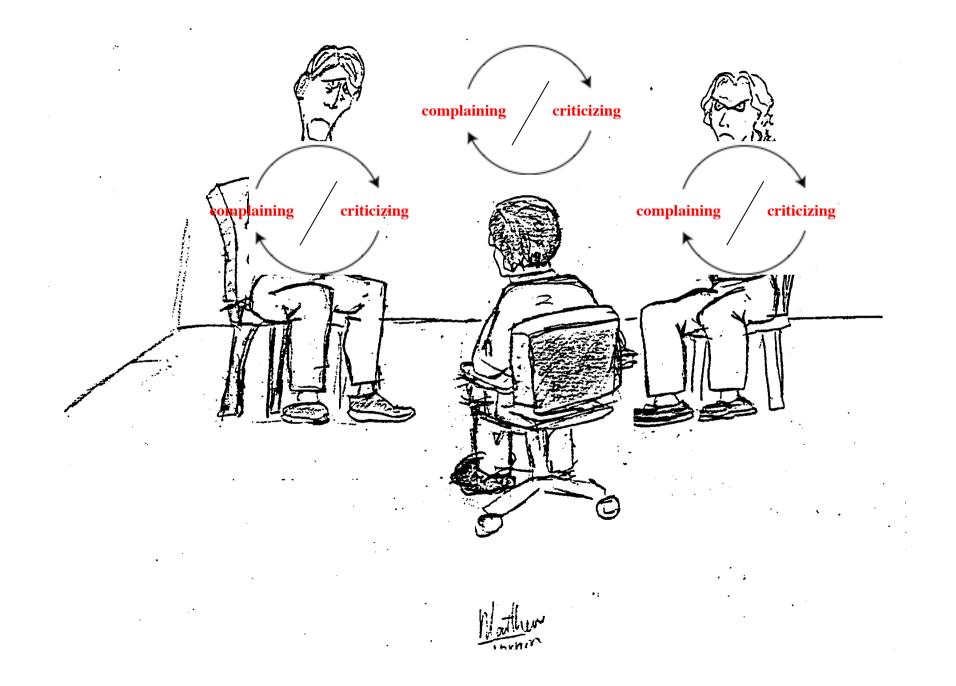
Visualize the pattern operating in the interpersonal space



PIPs operate intra-personally as well as inter-personally

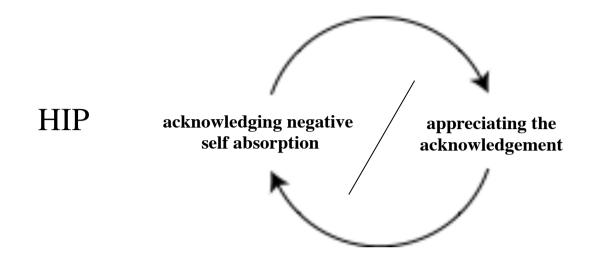


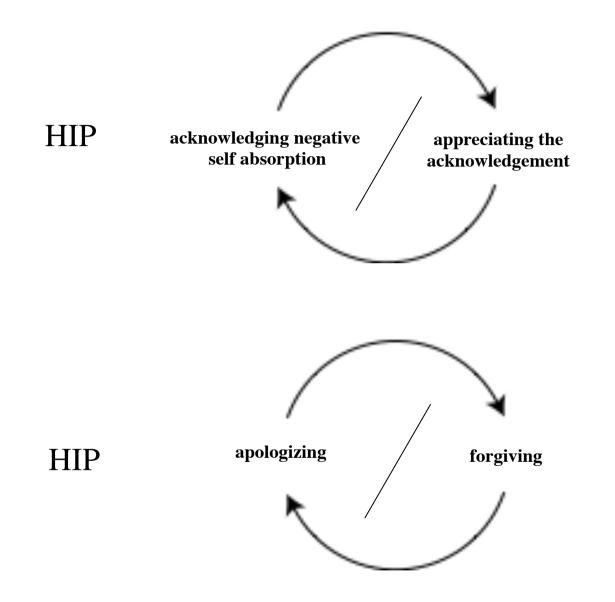




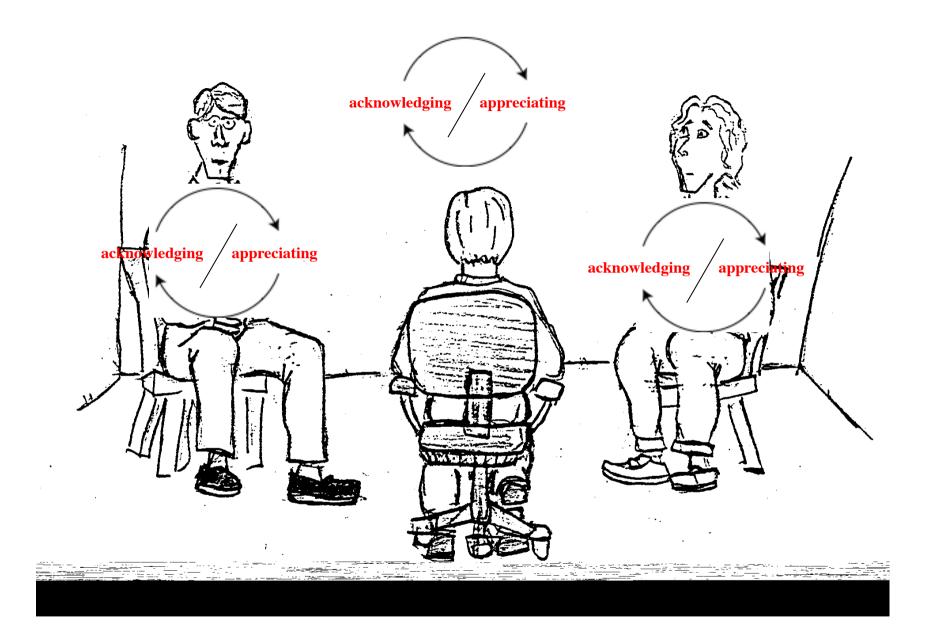
# Steps to generate a HIP (to displace a PIP)

- Imagine and/or look for positive or constructive behaviors that would contradict, or are inconsistent with, specific behaviors within the PIP
- Take note of any spontaneous initiatives in the session that have the potential to displace the PIP, affirm them, and draw them out
- Select out specific constructive behaviors that have the potential to become mutually reinforcing and could become coupled in the interpersonal space to stabilize a preferred interaction pattern
- Refine the descriptor terminology (using gerunds whenever possible) to reflect easily doable behaviors for the participants in the interaction
- Visualize, describe, and/or draw the potential pattern to give it more substance and 'reality'
- Ask specific questions to bring forth each of the complementary components of the HIP to help realize the preferred pattern



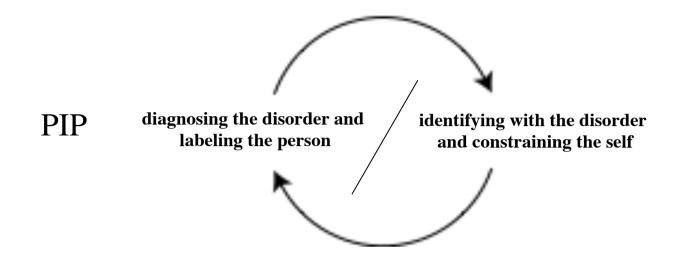


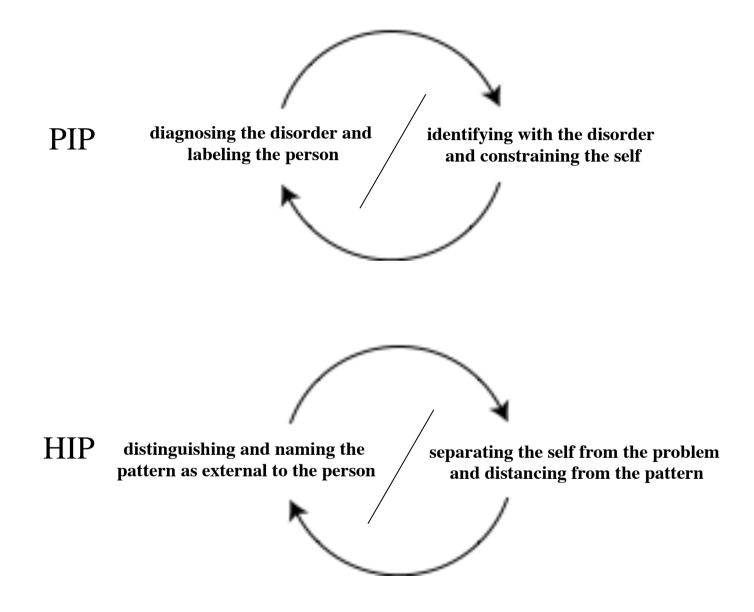




What is a common PIP associated with professionally induced 'stigma'

along with its healing antidote?





## Some limitations of the IPscope

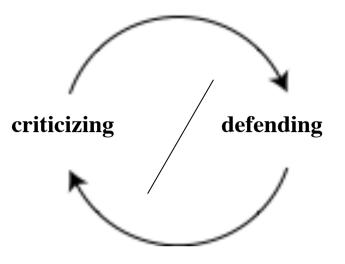
It assumes relatively 'normal' biological functioning of the participants and minimizes limitations in the neuroplasticity of interacting brains. To some, the patterns may seem too abstract and intellectual; for others too behavioral, obscuring the significance of emotional dynamics. The drawings could be interpreted as concrete first order descriptions of interpersonal process and enable a drift toward objectivity. There is a risk for users to become formulaic by applying 'old' patterns in their work (using 'cook book' IPs vs constructing unique IPs). Excess enthusiasm in applying the framework could eclipse other useful descriptions of specific situations (the "Law of the Instrument"). The feminist critique of systems theory as unsuitable as a foundation for family therapy (but this issue can be addressed).

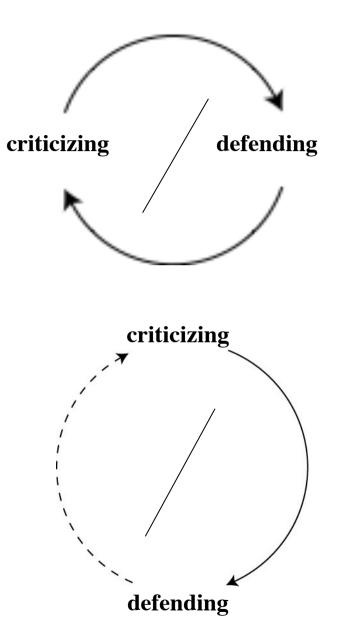
### What is the feminist critique of systems theory?

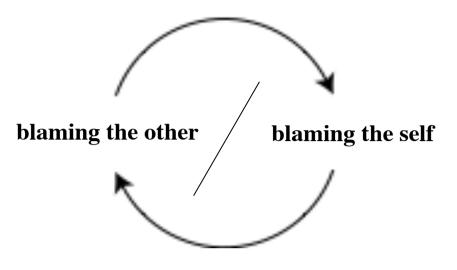
The circularity at the core of systemic descriptions of interaction implies equal influence and responsibility of the participants in generating and maintaining particular patterns of interaction.

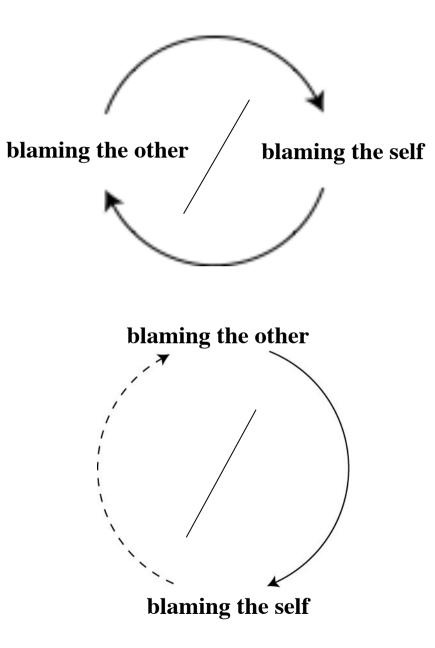
This assumption of equal influence actually obscures real differences in power between males and females that is used to perpetuate the gender injustice that arises from such power differentials.

Thus, the use of systems theory to explain human relationships could inadvertently foster continuing social injustices.

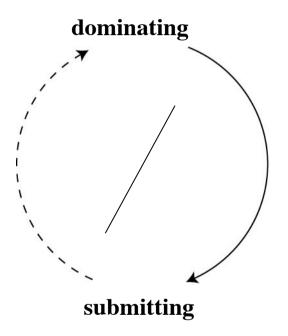




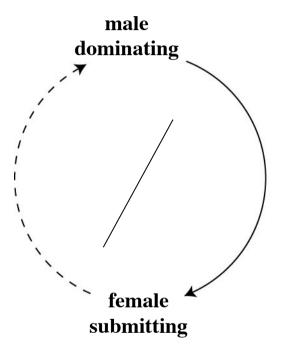




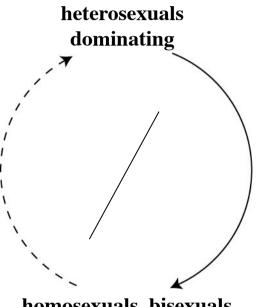
## A pervasive pathologizing pattern in human relations



# Sexism

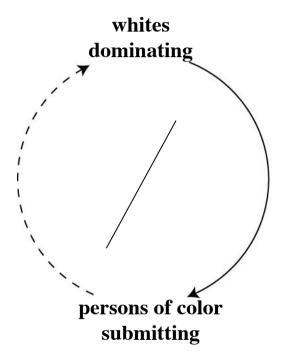


#### Heterosexism

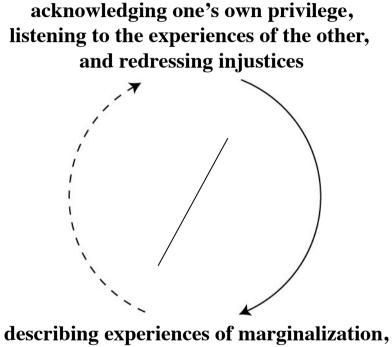


homosexuals, bisexuals, and transsexuals submitting

### Racism

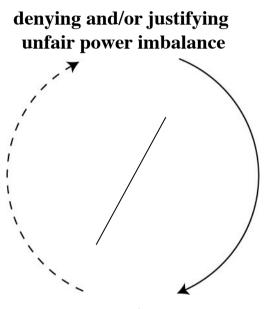


#### A generic healing antidote to domination/submission



describing experiences of marginalization, claiming more voice, challenging unfairness, and/or assuming more privilege

#### A DIP related to the pattern of domination/submission



reckless and/or violent protesting of injustices

# Two levels of complexity in systems/systemic assessment and understanding

First order cybernetics:

"The study of patterns of regulation and control in observed systems"

e.g. complementary couplings, homeostatic maintenance patterns, positive feedback loops, and negative feedback loops.

This level is often referred to as "systems" analysis

Second order cybernetics (the cybernetics of cybernetics):

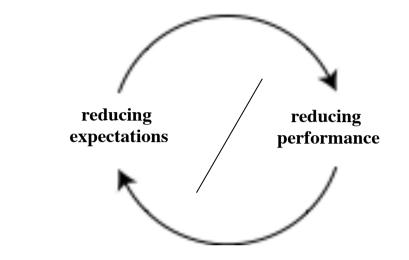
"The study of knowledge and understanding in observing systems"

e.g. knowing about one's knowing, looking at one's looking to see what one is seeing, and seeing how seeing in a particular way influences one's position in the system.

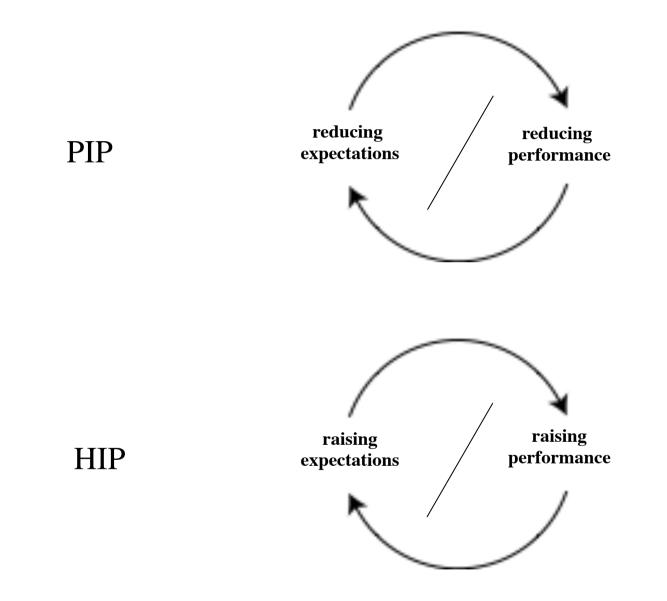
This level is sometimes referred to as "systemic" understanding

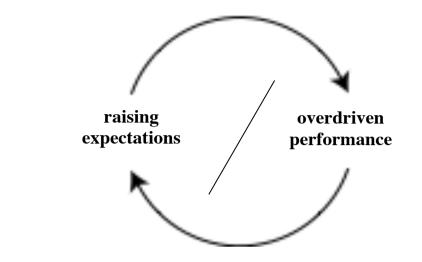
To function at the second order level of complexity one needs to take responsibility for the distinctions one draws and how one uses them to organize one's clinical initiatives

For instance, the same distinctions could be seen as pathologizing or as healing

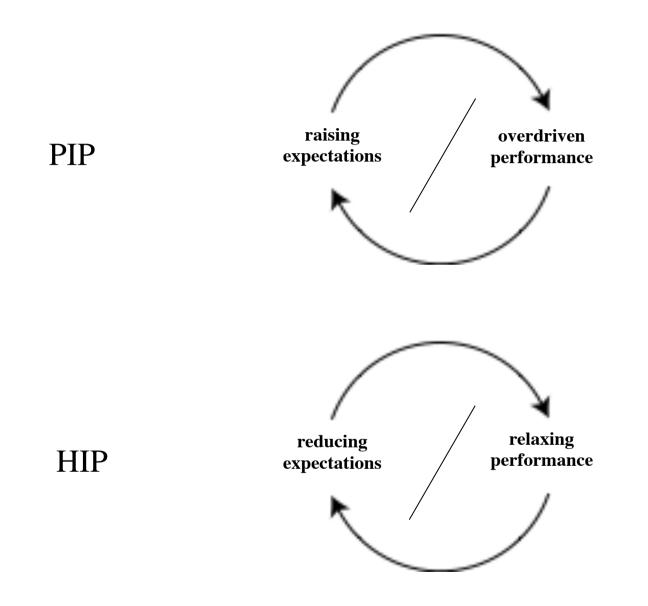






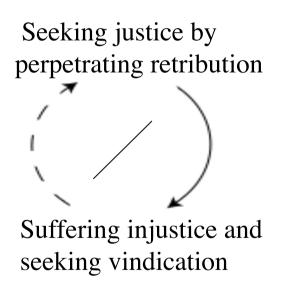








The Ipscopic perspective could also be applied to clarify societal PIPs e.g. that produce recurrent cycles of violence



Collective perpetratorship Collective victimization

# References

Tomm, K. "Beginnings of a HIPs and PIPs Approach to Psychiatric Assessment" <u>The Calgary Participator</u>, p21-24, 1991

Tomm, K., St. George, S., Wulff, D., & Strong, T., <u>Patterns in</u> <u>Interpersonal Interactions: Inviting Relational Understandings for</u> <u>Therapeutic Change</u>, 2014 Routledge Press NY